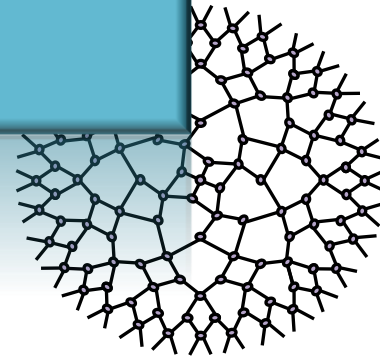


Tensor network renormalization



Guifre Vidal



In collaboration with
GLEN EVENBLY

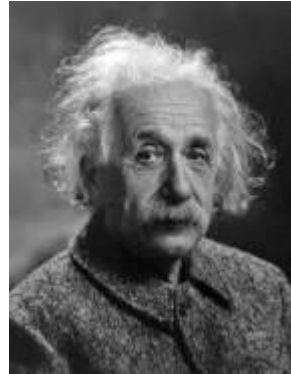
IQIM Caltech → UC Irvine

Quantum Mechanics

1920-1930



Niels Bohr



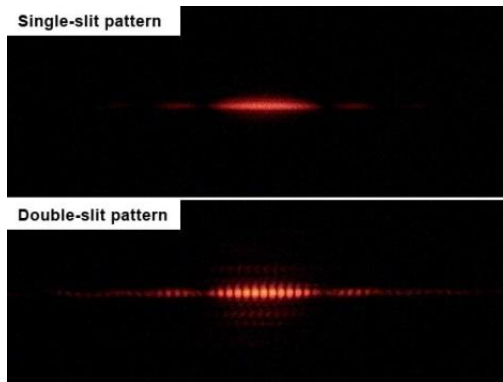
Albert Einstein



Wolfgang Pauli

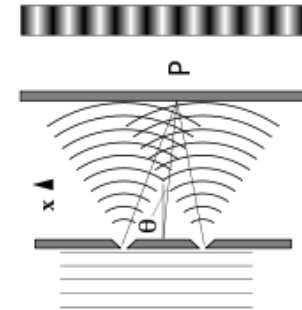


Paul Dirac



$$i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \Psi = \hat{H} \Psi$$

Schrodinger equation



Erwin Schrodinger



Enrico Fermi



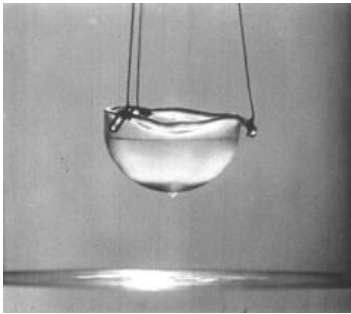
Werner Heisenberg



Richard Feynman

Exotic phases of quantum matter:

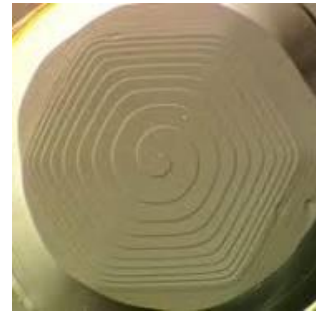
Collective quantum many-body phenomena



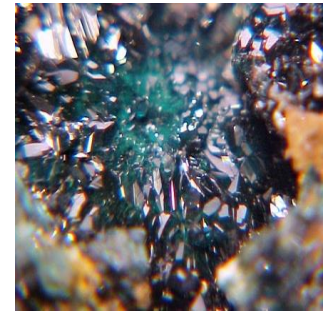
superfluids



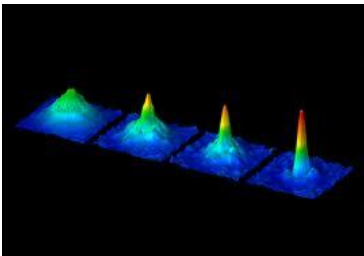
superconductors



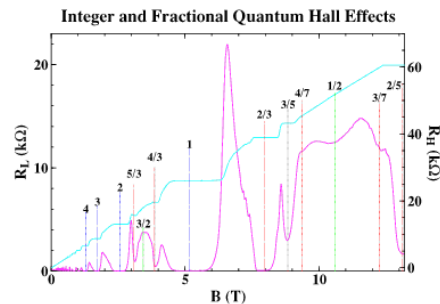
supersolids (?)



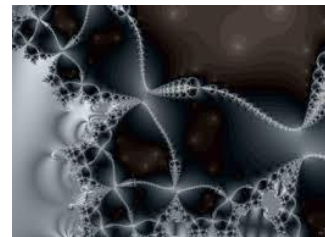
spin liquids



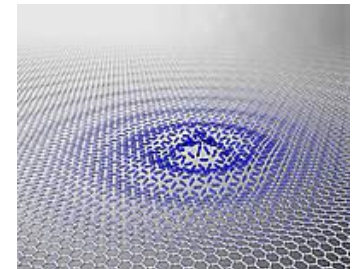
Bose-Einstein condensation



fractional quantum Hall effect

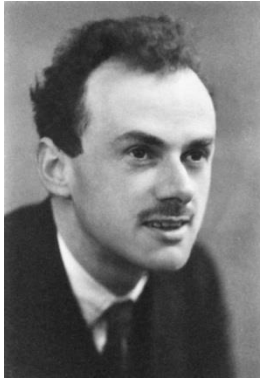


quantum criticality



topological order

There is a problem...



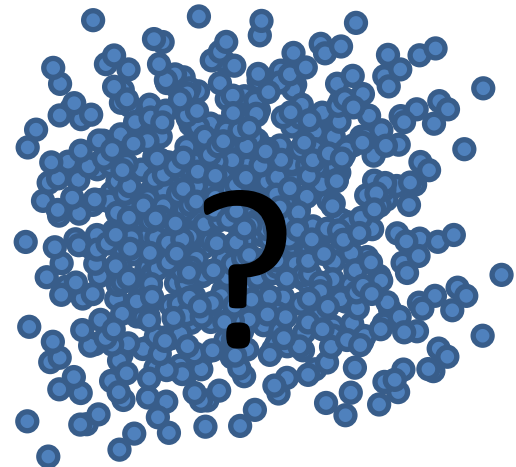
Paul Dirac

“The fundamental laws necessary for the mathematical treatment of a large part of physics and the whole of chemistry are thus completely known,

and the difficulty lies only in the fact that application of these laws leads to equations that are too complex to be solved.”

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \Psi = \hat{H} \Psi$$

Schrodinger equation



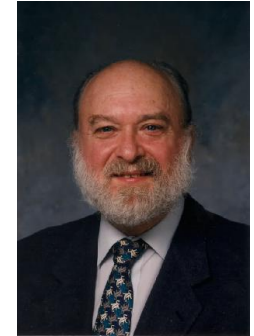
Emergence:

long-distance physics is often radically different from short-distance physics

... and there is a solution: the Renormalization Group

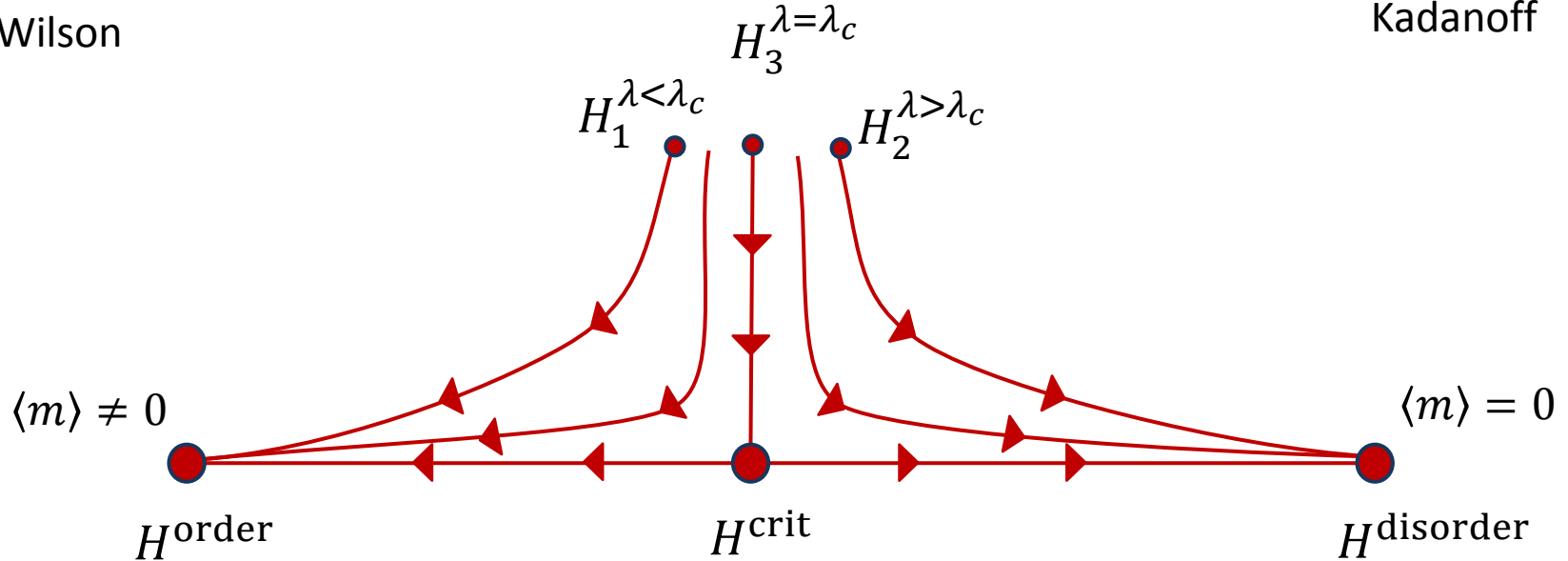


Kenneth
Wilson



Leo
Kadanoff

Renormalization group flow:

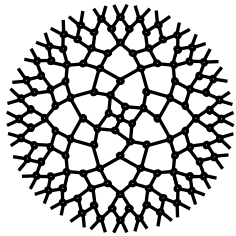


... and there is a solution: the Renormalization Group

Nice! But how do we do this in practice?

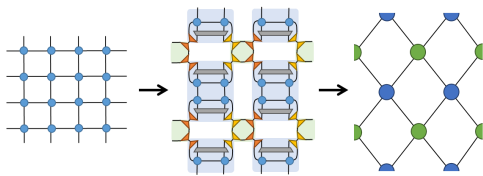
Outline of this talk

- entanglement renormalization (old stuff)



Real space RG transformation for
→ ground state wave-functions
→ Hamiltonians

- tensor network renormalization (new stuff)



- Real space RG of Euclidean path integral
- TNR → MERA (+ thermal states!)
- Theory of minimal updates
- Conformal transformations

[arXiv:1412.0732](https://arxiv.org/abs/1412.0732)

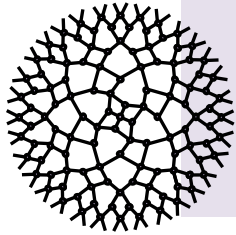
[arXiv:1501.xxx](https://arxiv.org/abs/1501.xxx)

[arXiv:1501.yyy](https://arxiv.org/abs/1501.yyy)

[arXiv:1501.zzz](https://arxiv.org/abs/1501.zzz)

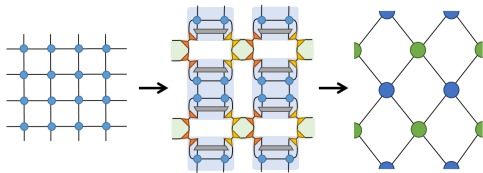
Outline

- entanglement renormalization (old stuff)



Real space RG transformation for
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→ Hamiltonians

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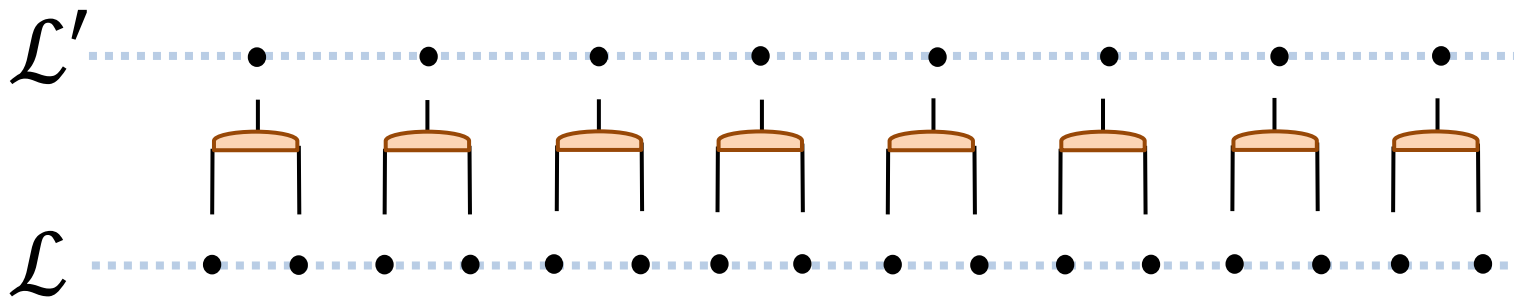
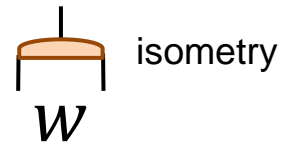
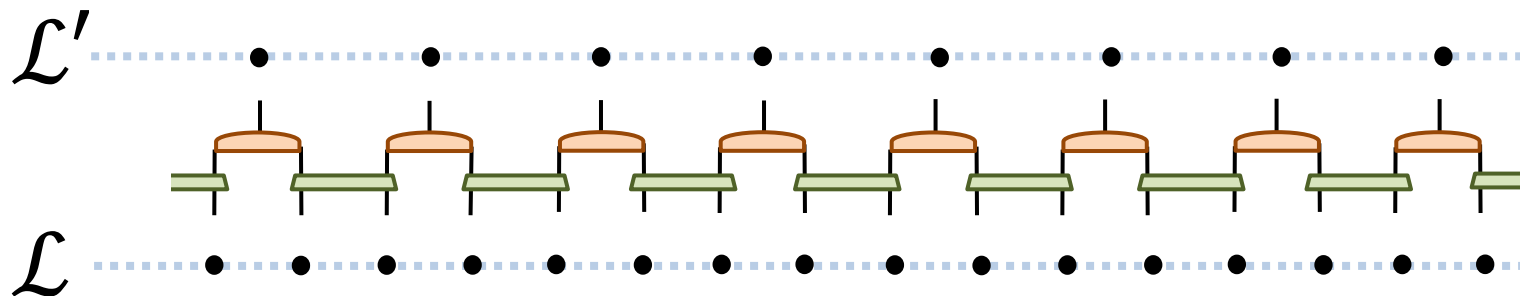
[arXiv:1412.0732](https://arxiv.org/abs/1412.0732)

[arXiv:1501.xxx](https://arxiv.org/abs/1501.xxx)

[arXiv:1501.yyy](https://arxiv.org/abs/1501.yyy)

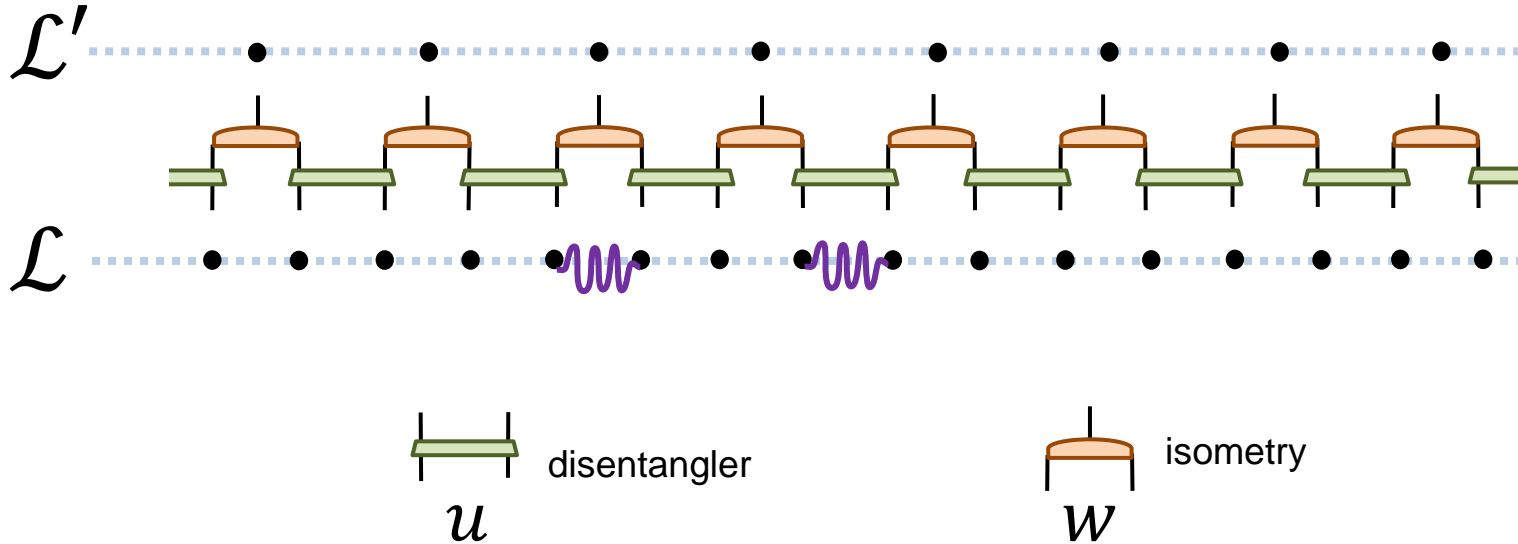
[arXiv:1501.zzz](https://arxiv.org/abs/1501.zzz)

Entanglement renormalization (old stuff)

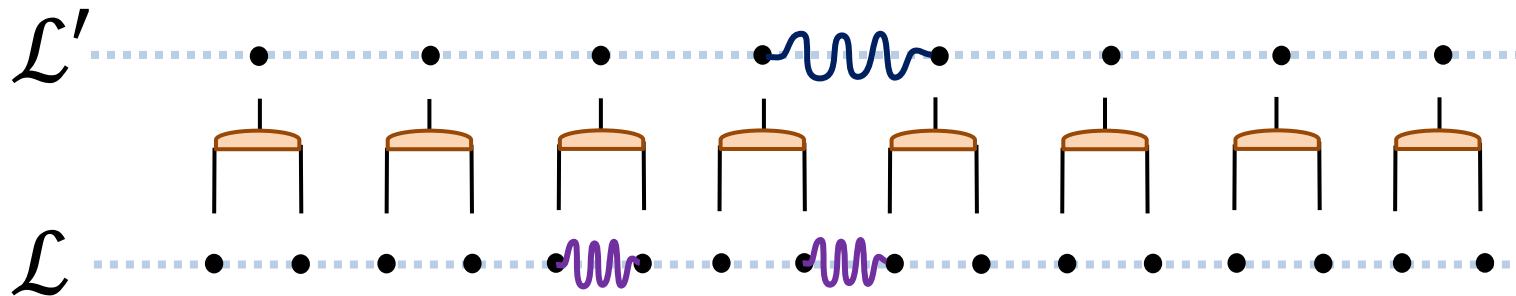


Entanglement renormalization (old stuff)

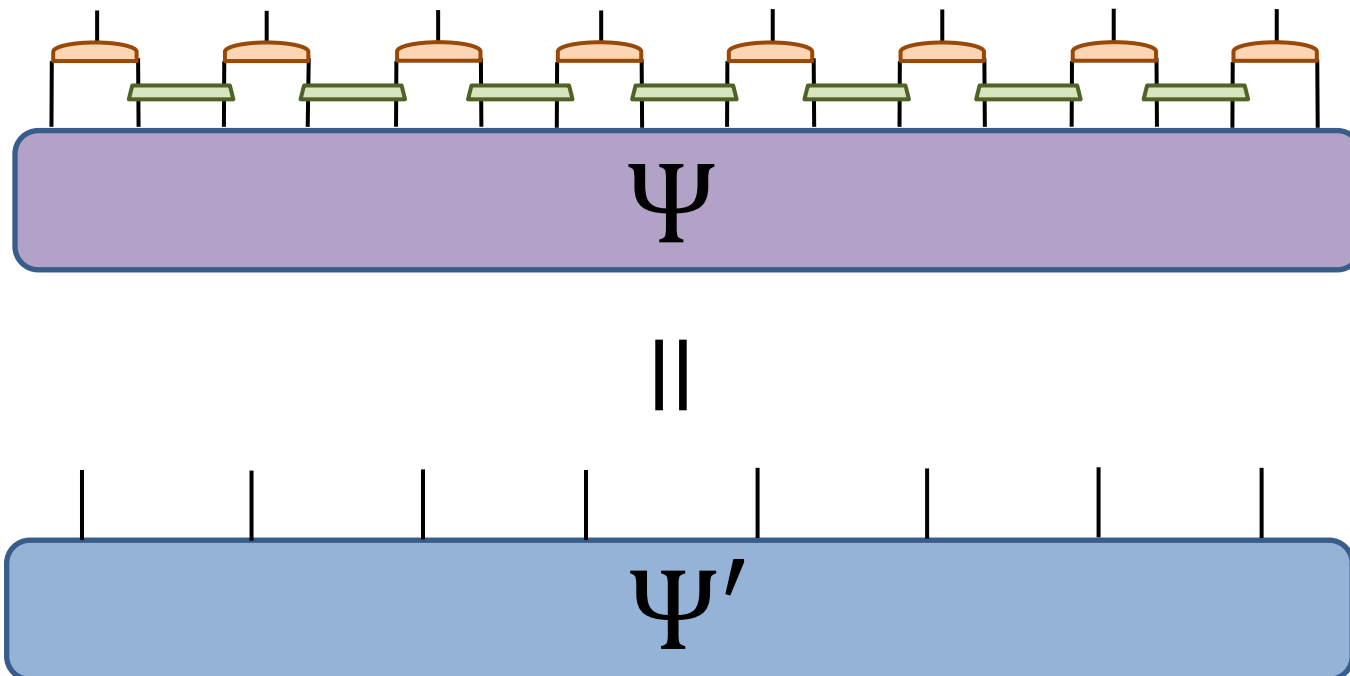
- removal of all short-range entanglement



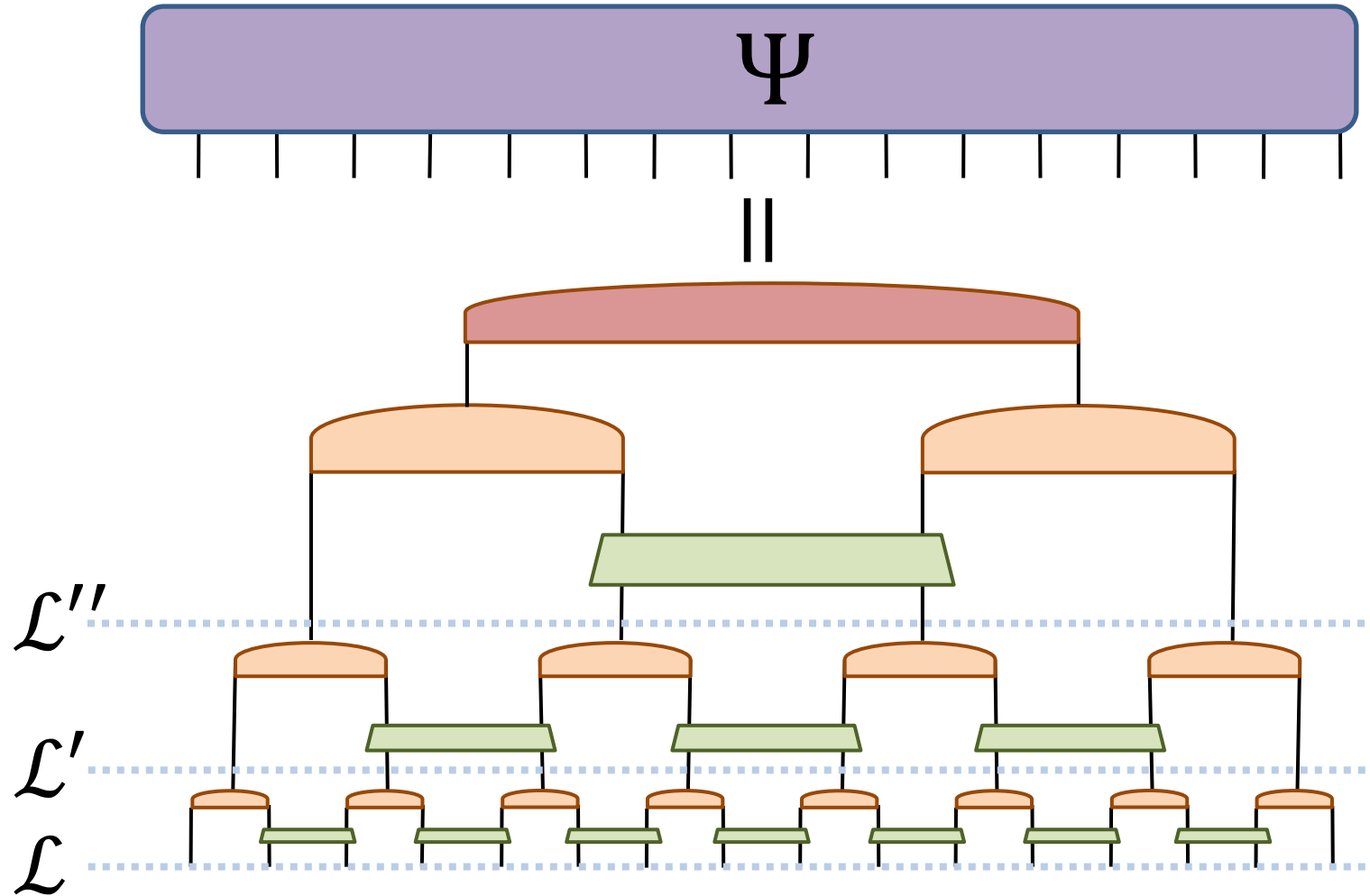
- some short-range entanglement is not removed



RG transformation on ground state wave-functions



RG transformation on ground state wave-functions

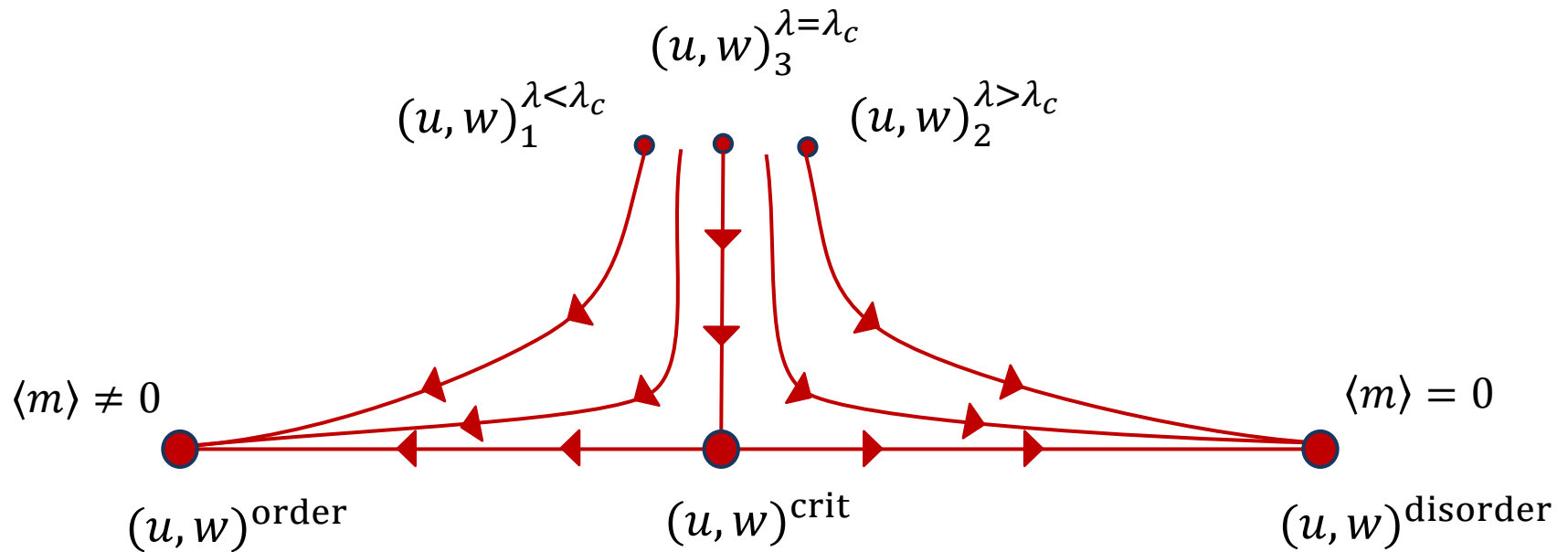
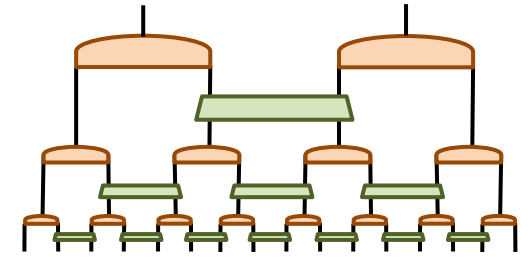
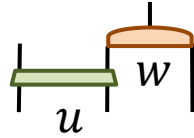


Multi-scale entanglement renormalization ansatz (MERA)

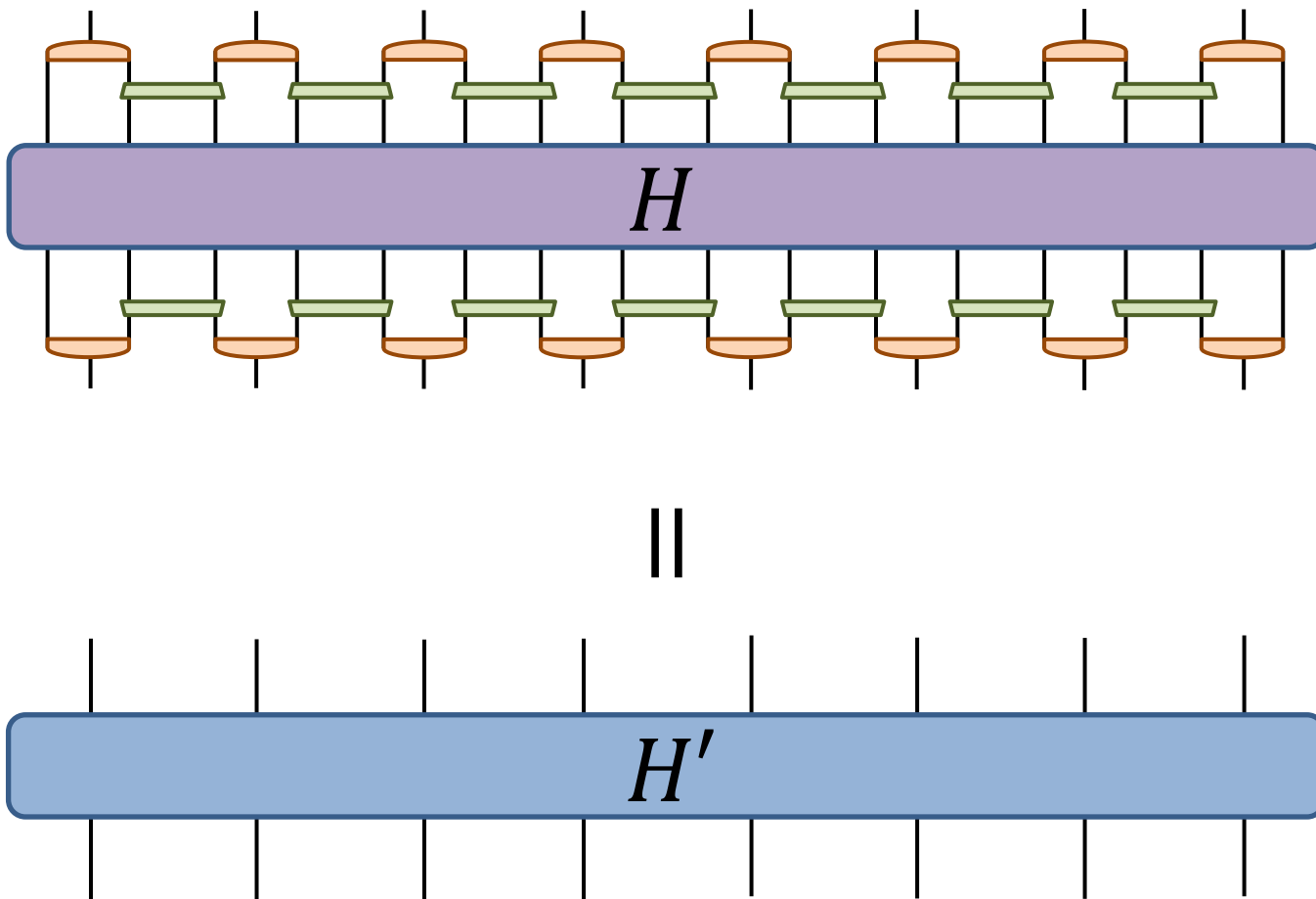
- topological order
- quantum criticality
- holography

RG flow in the space of wave-functions,

as parameterized by tensors u, w

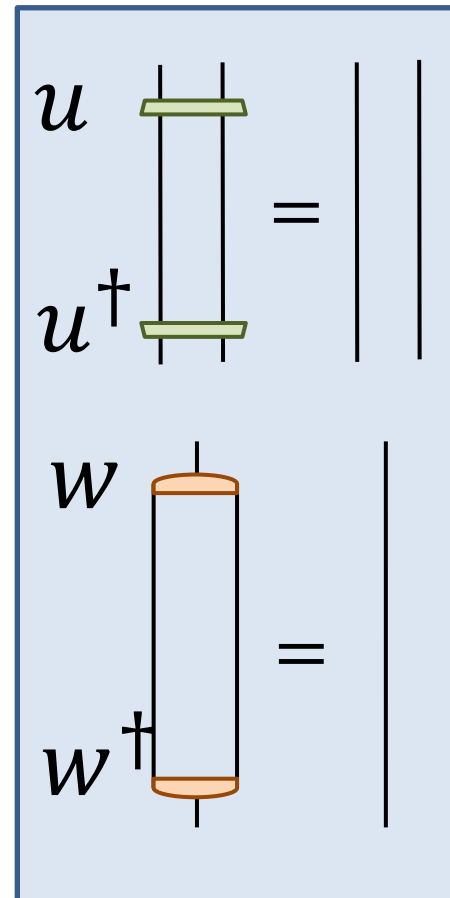
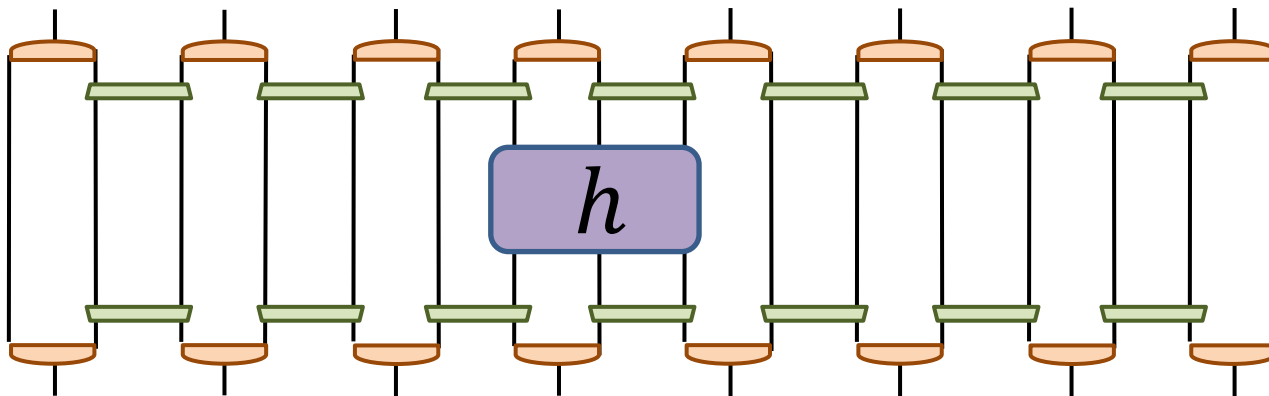


RG transformation on Hamiltonians



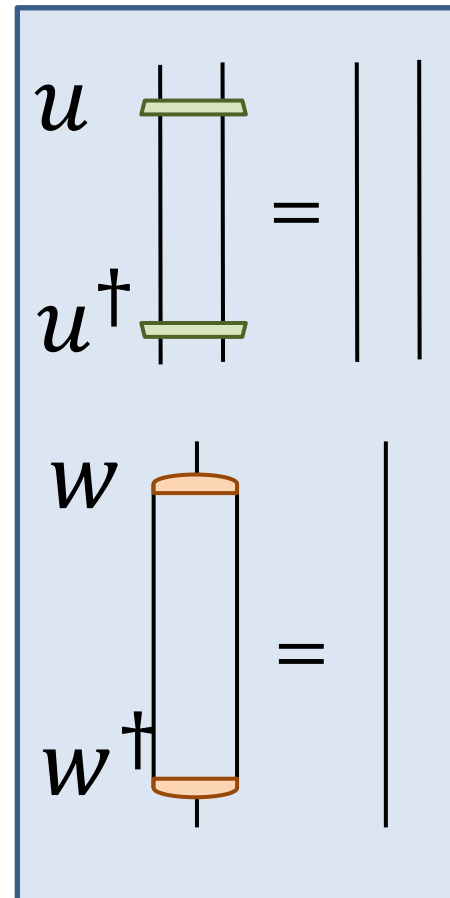
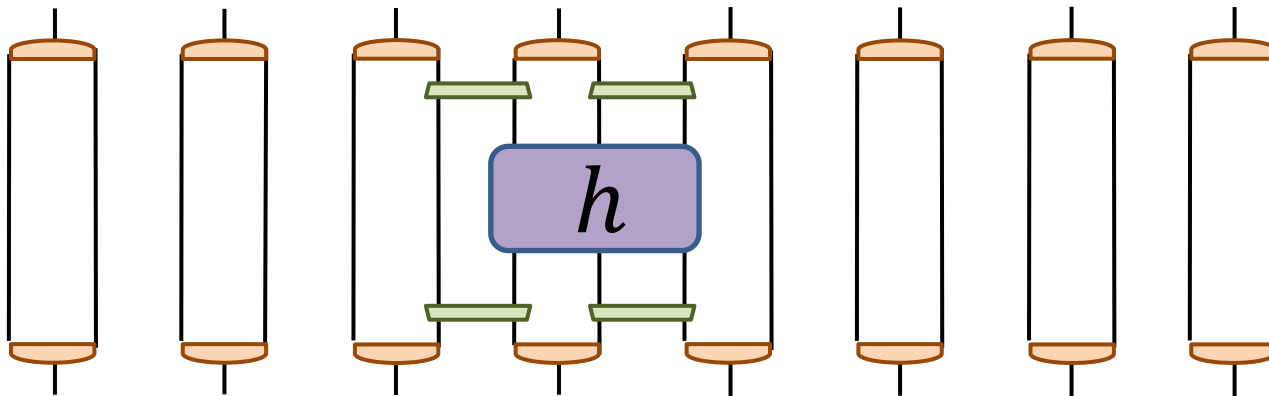
RG transformation on Hamiltonians

Local Hamiltonian $H = \sum_i h_i$



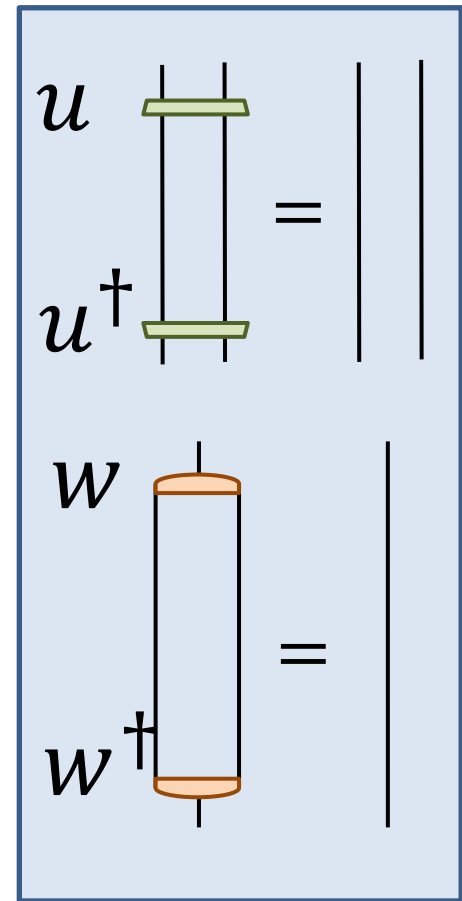
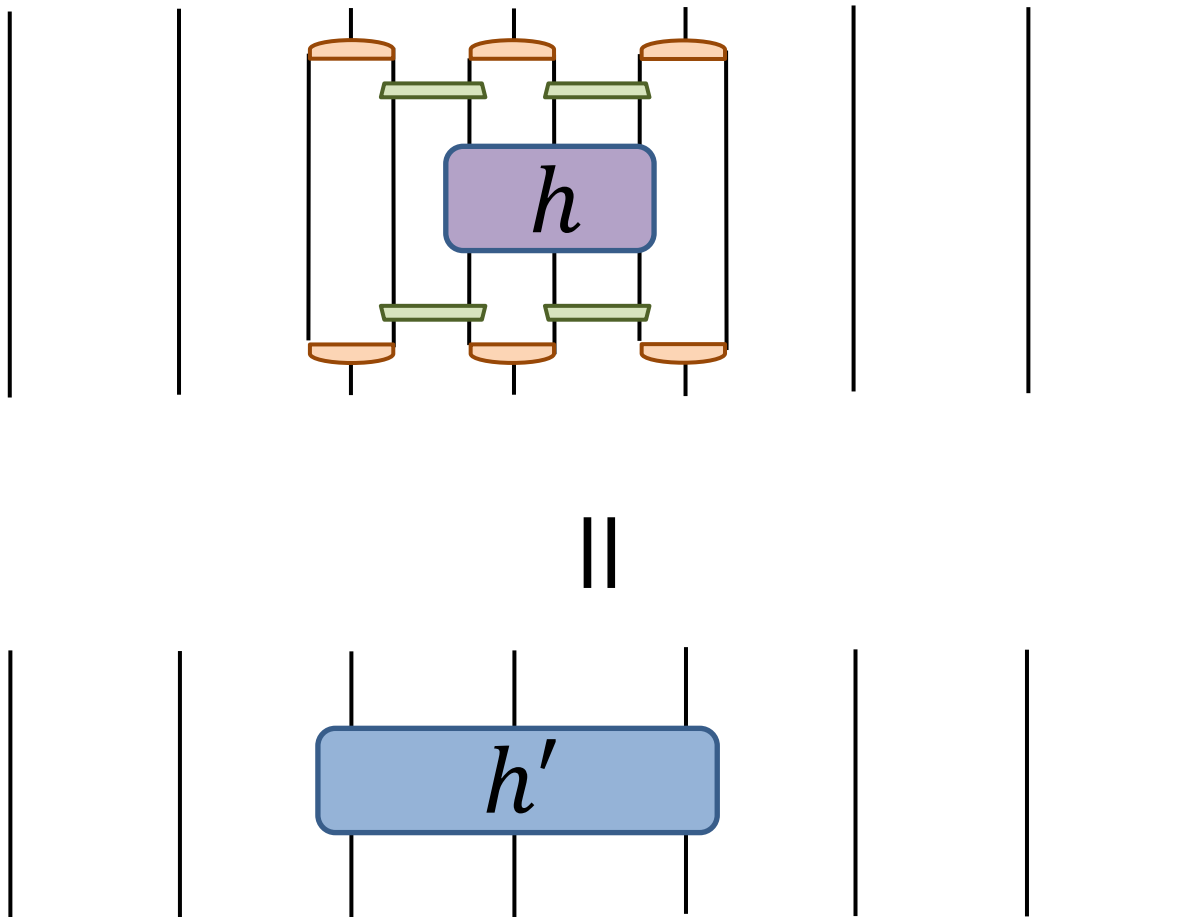
RG transformation on Hamiltonians

Local Hamiltonian $H = \sum_i h_i$



RG transformation on Hamiltonians

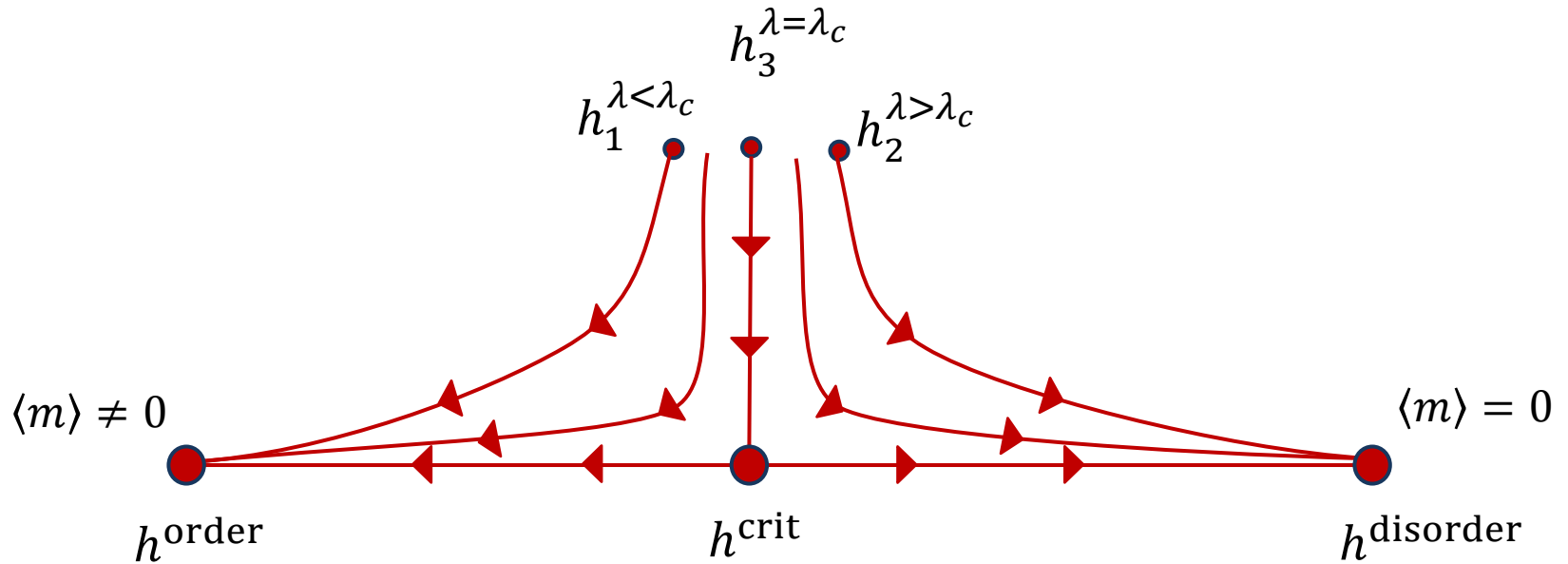
Local Hamiltonian $H = \sum_i h_i$



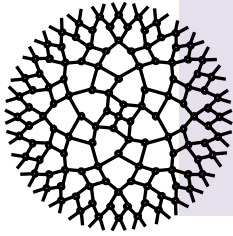
RG flow in the space of local Hamiltonians,

as parameterized by a strictly local Hamiltonian term h

$$H = \sum_i h_i$$



- entanglement renormalization (old stuff)



Real space RG transformation for
→ ground state wave-functions
→ Hamiltonians

MANY OPEN QUESTIONS

RG on Euclidean path integral
(Hamiltonian → Lagrangian)

MERA for thermal states?
Classical partition functions?

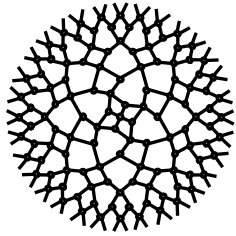
When is MERA
a good approximation?

Theory of minimal updates
(impurities, boundaries, etc)

Better algorithms?
(→ branching, 2D)

Outline

- entanglement renormalization (old stuff)



Real space RG transformation for
→ ground state wave-functions
→ Hamiltonians

- tensor network renormalization (new stuff)

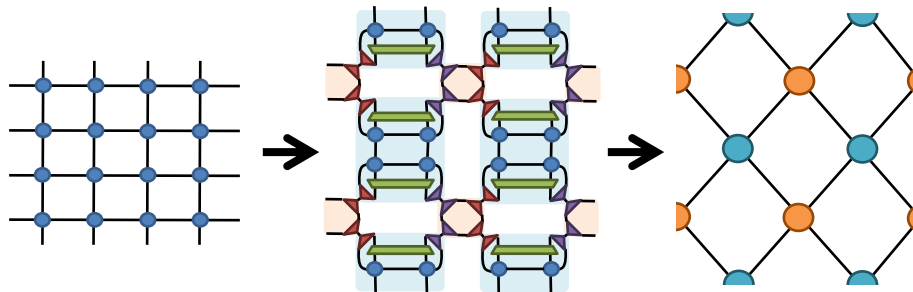
- Real space RG of Euclidean path integral
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[arXiv:1412.0732](https://arxiv.org/abs/1412.0732)

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[arXiv:1501.yyy](https://arxiv.org/abs/1501.yyy)

[arXiv:1501.zzz](https://arxiv.org/abs/1501.zzz)



Tensor network renormalization (new stuff)

local
Hamiltonian

$$H$$



ground state

$$|\Psi\rangle$$

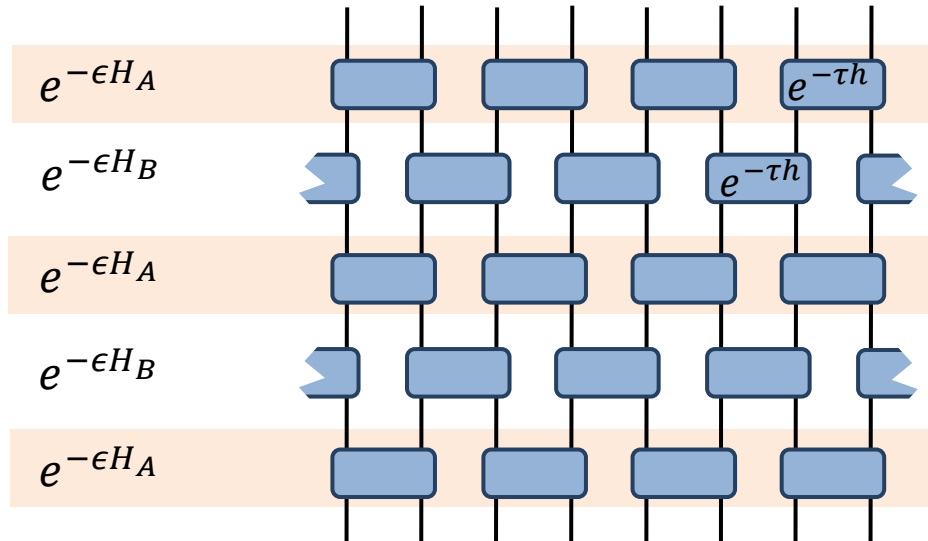
$$|\Psi\rangle = \lim_{\beta \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{-\beta H} |\phi_0\rangle}{\|e^{-\beta H} |\phi_0\rangle\|}$$

Suzuki-Trotter
decomposition

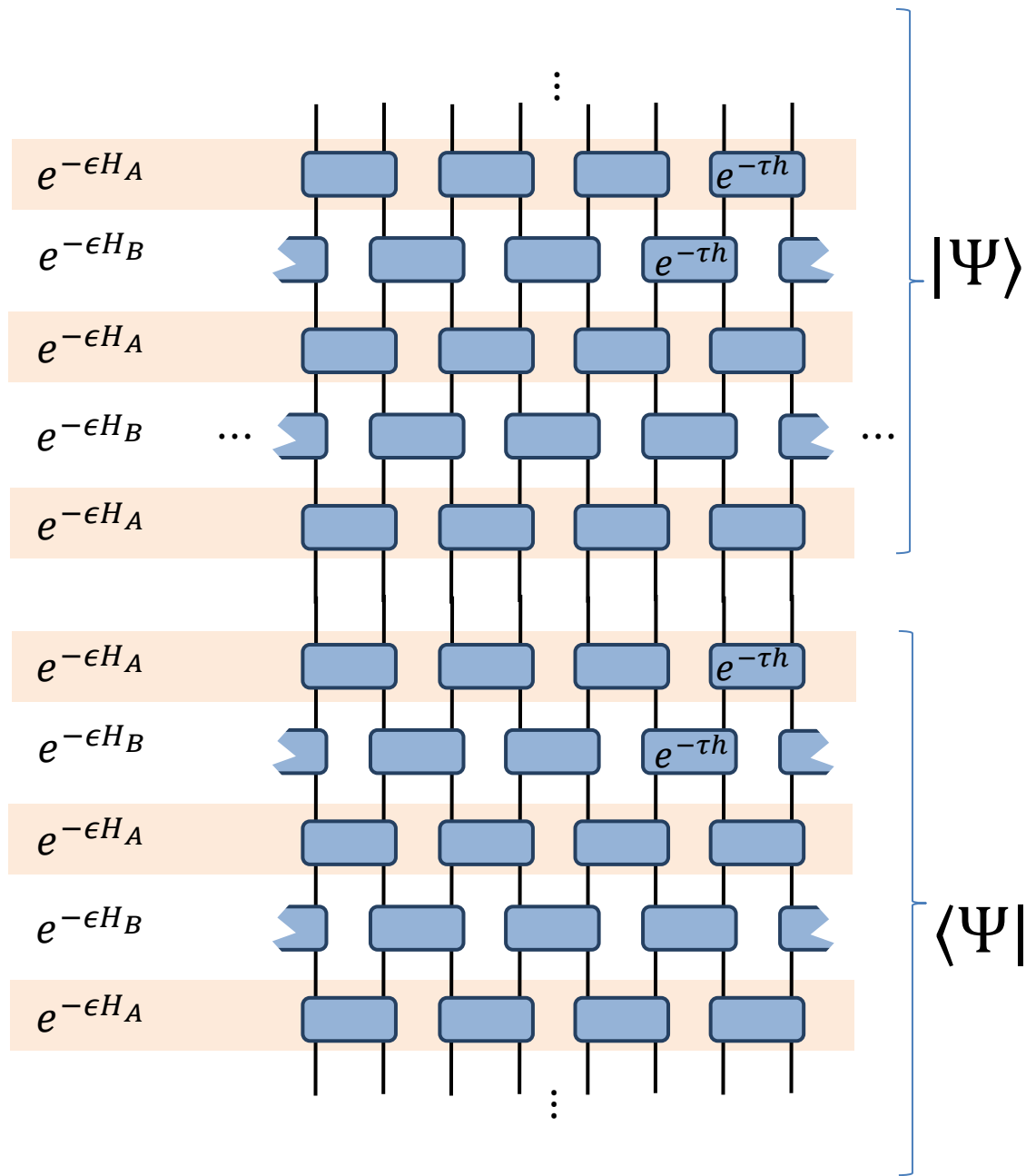
$$e^{-\beta H} \approx e^{-\epsilon H_A} e^{-\epsilon H_B} e^{-\epsilon H_A} e^{-\epsilon H_B} \dots$$

$$H_A = \sum_{i \text{ odd}} h_{i,i+1}$$

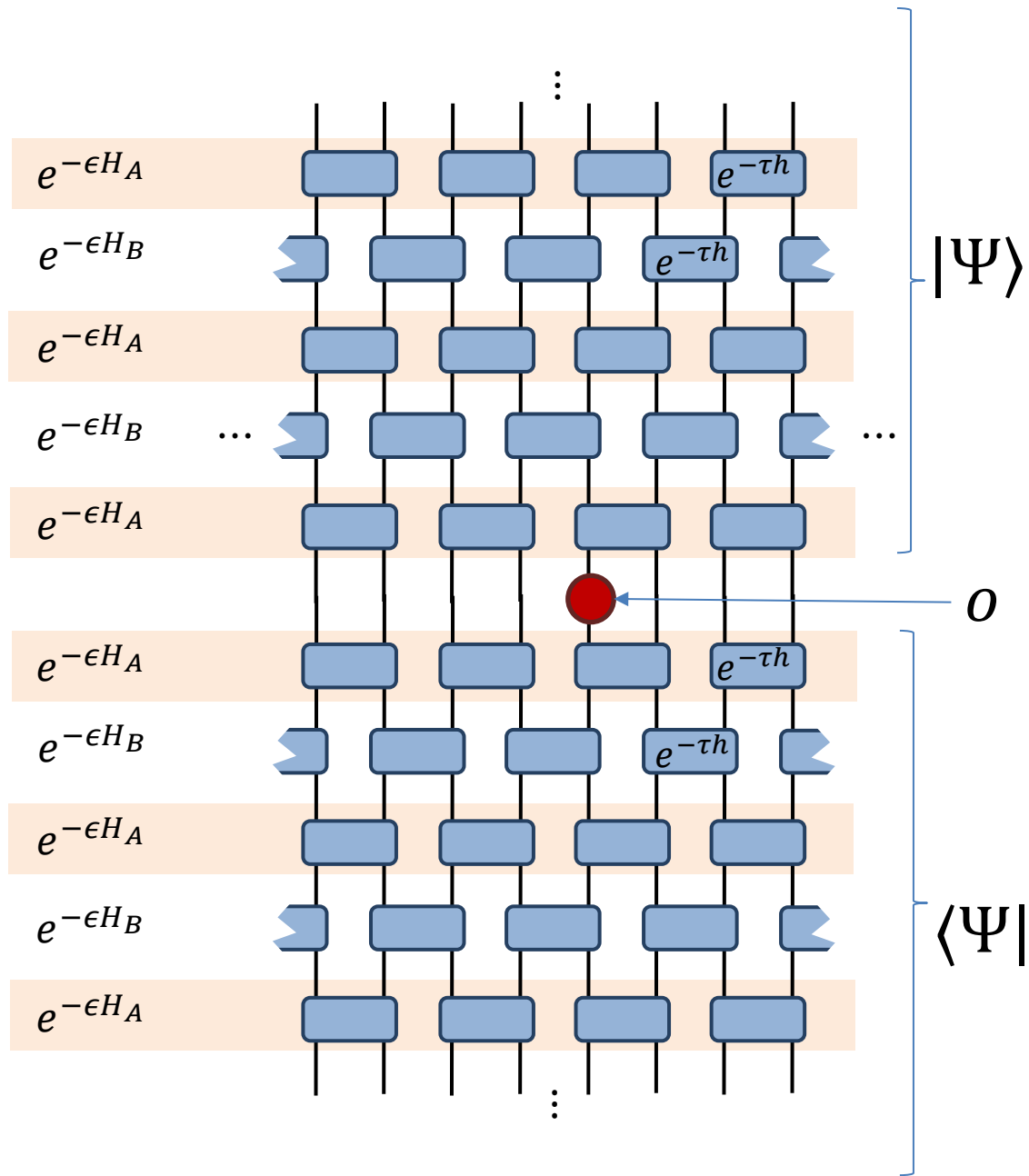
$$H_B = \sum_{i \text{ even}} h_{i,i+1}$$

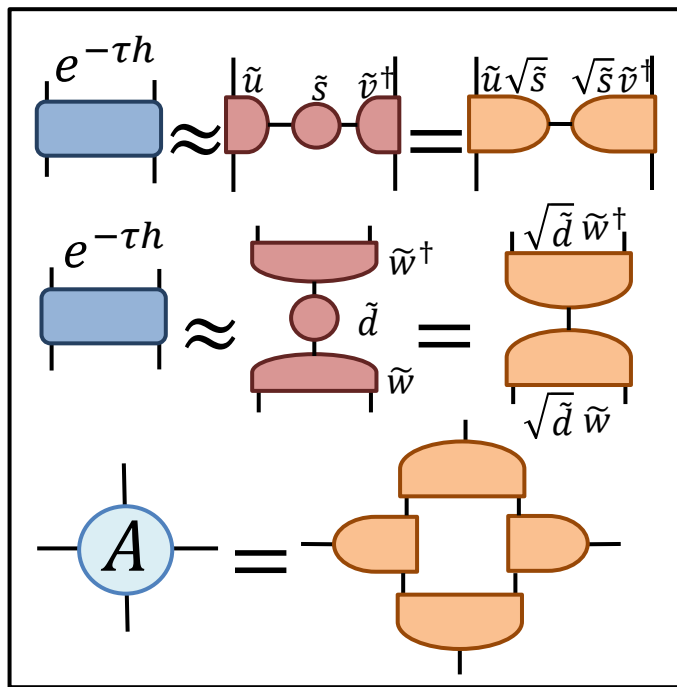
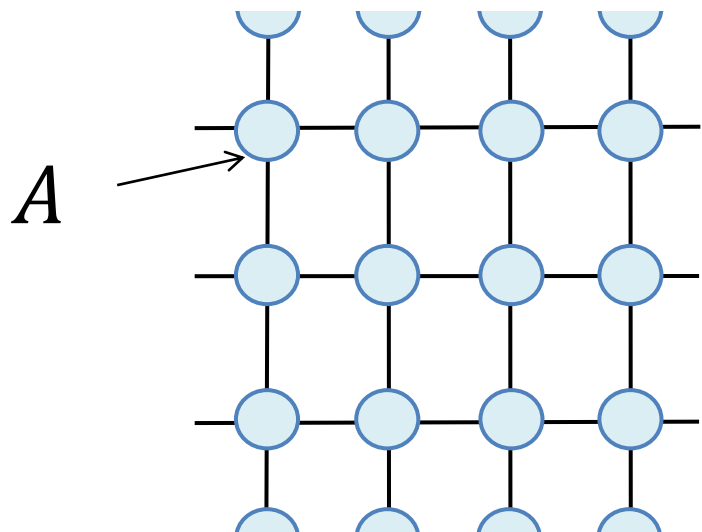
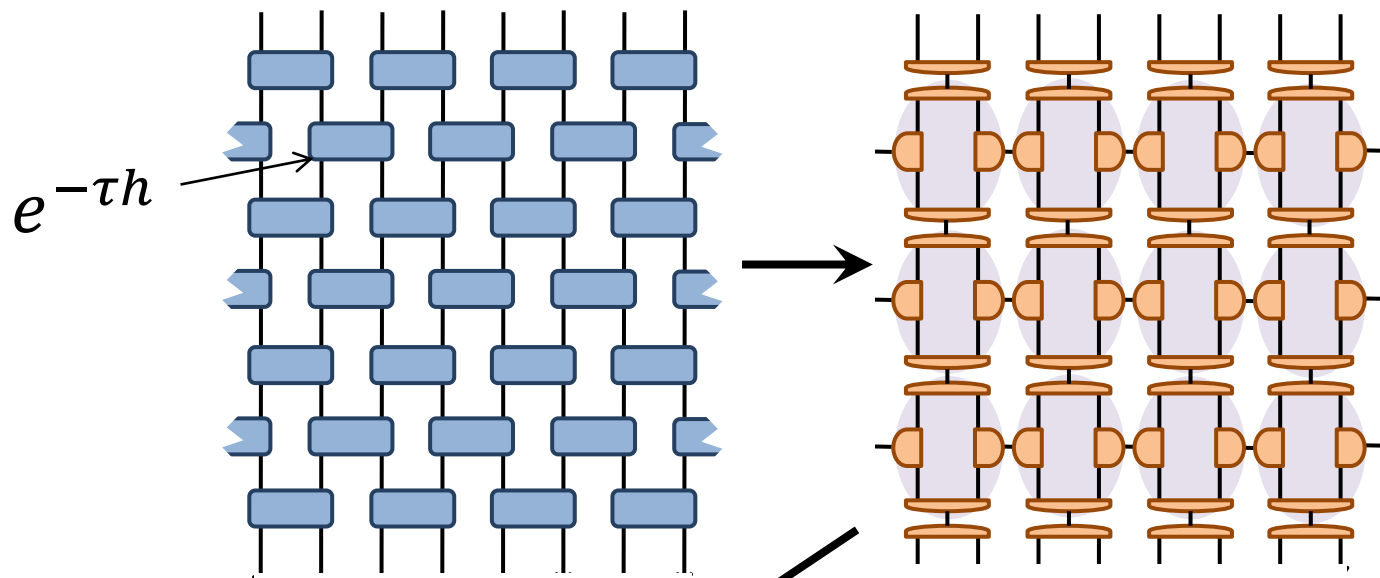


$$\langle \Psi | \Psi \rangle \propto$$

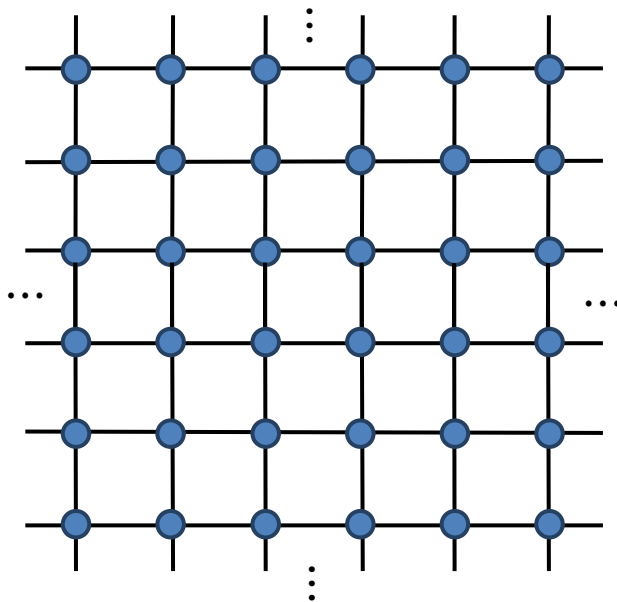
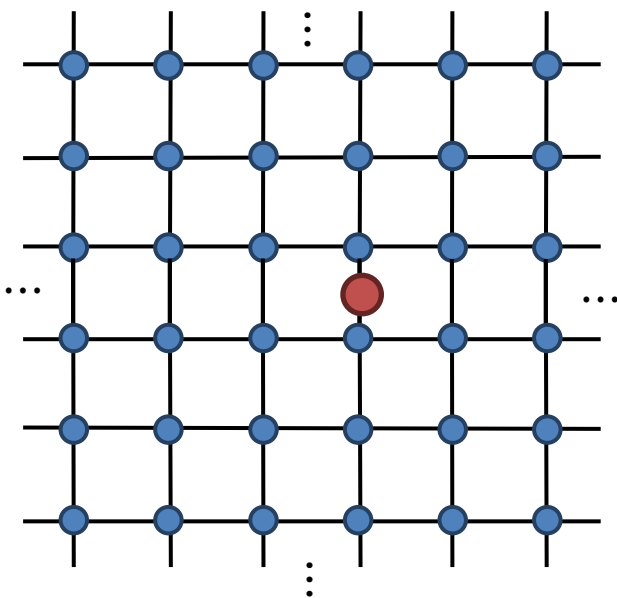


$$\langle \Psi | o | \Psi \rangle \propto$$

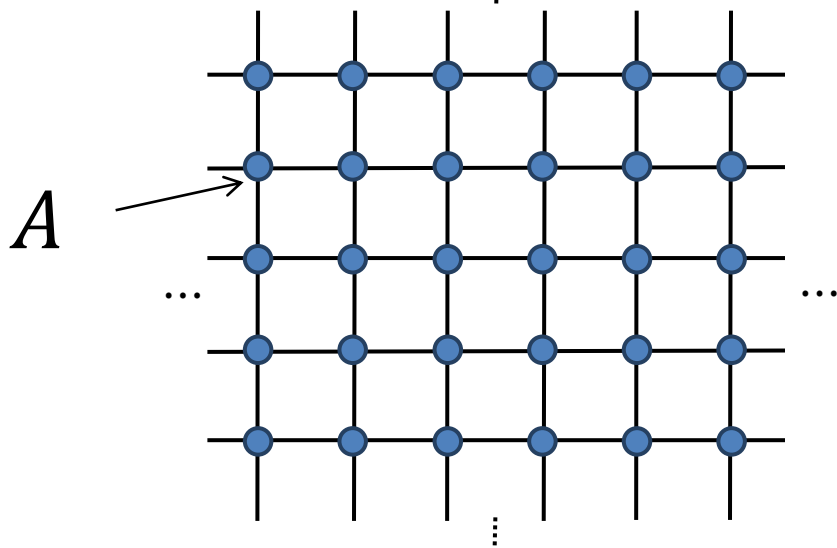




$$\frac{\langle \Psi | o | \Psi \rangle}{\langle \Psi | \Psi \rangle} =$$



Tensor network



Euclidean path integral /
Euclidean time evolution operator

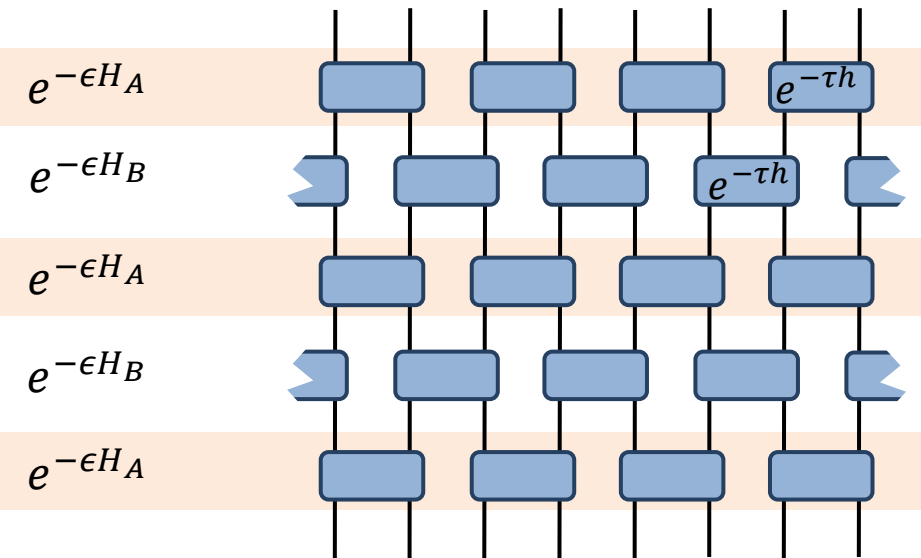


Classical partition function



Overlap between two PEPS

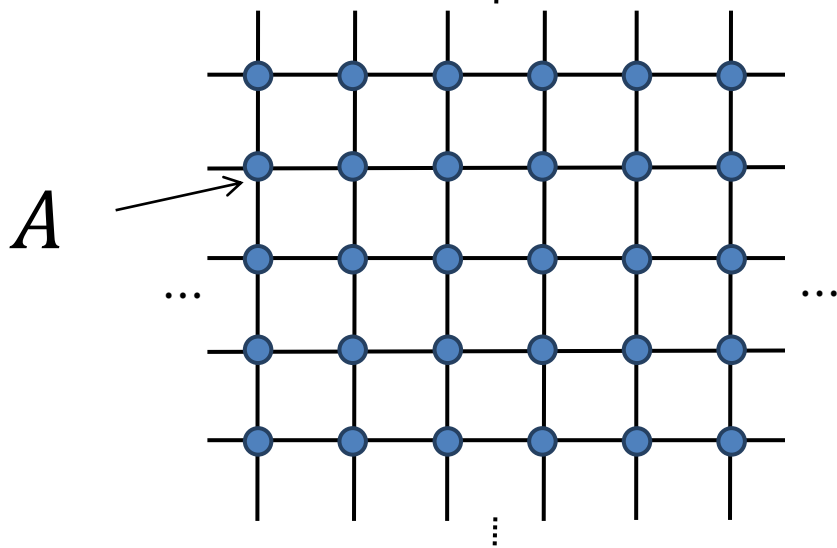
Monte Carlo sampling



Plan: sample important amplitudes!

- sampling error
- (sign problem!)

Tensor network



Euclidean path integral /
Euclidean time evolution operator

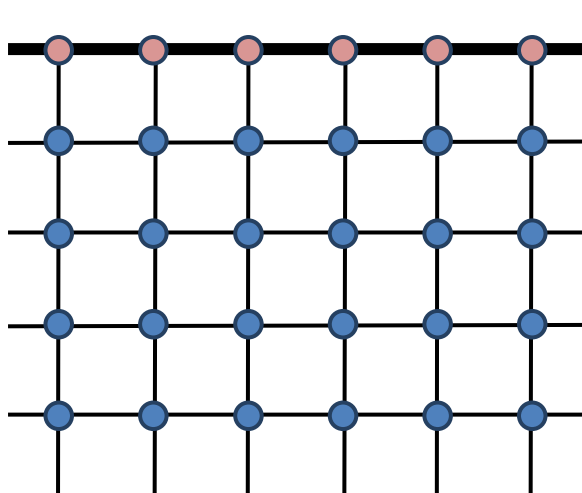


Classical partition function



Overlap between two PEPS

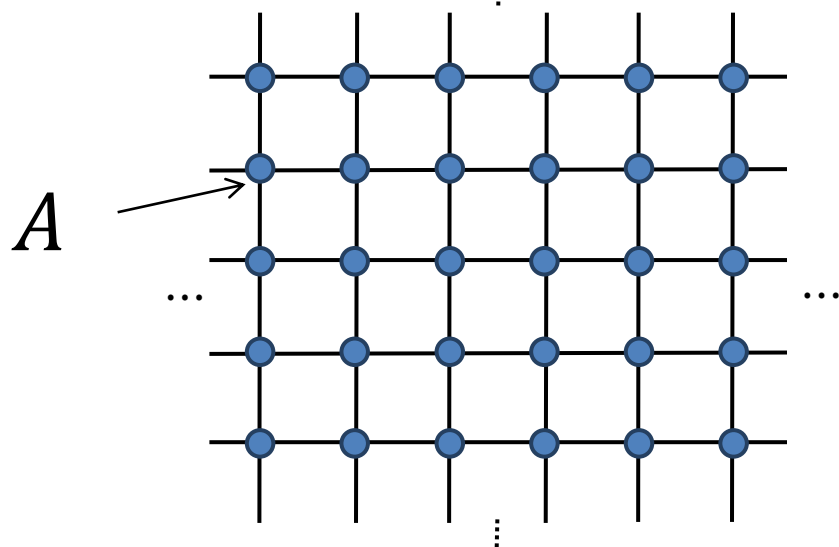
Tensor network techniques (I) Plan: sum over all amplitudes



boundary MPS (or CTM)

- poor approximation at/near criticality

Tensor network



Euclidean path integral /
Euclidean time evolution operator



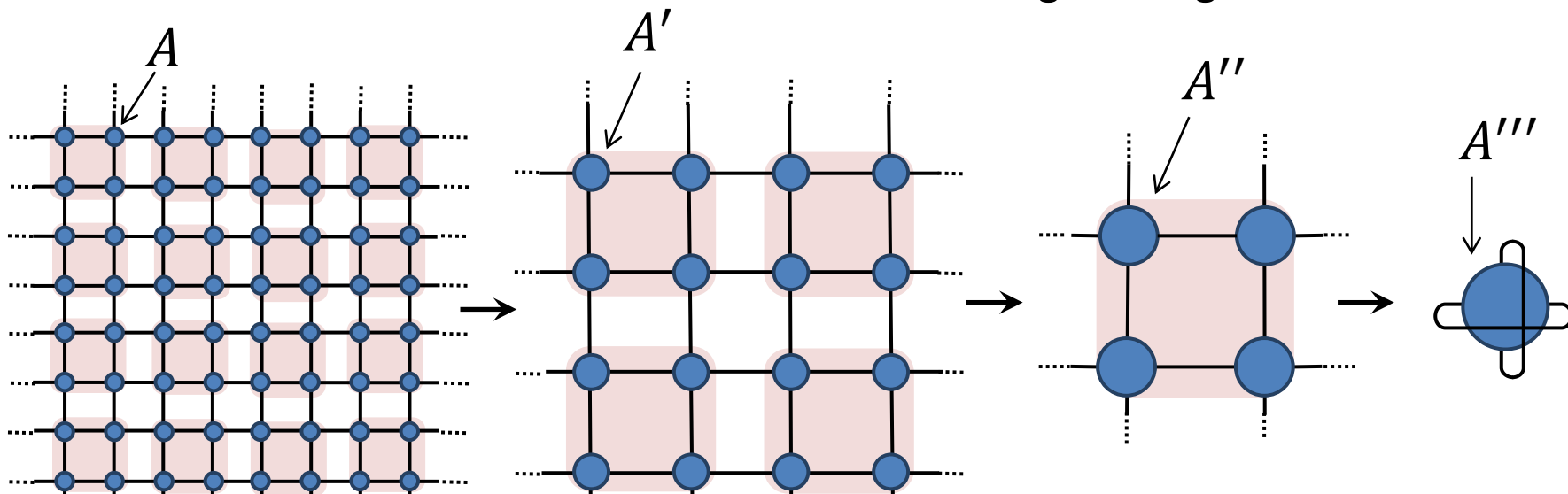
Classical partition function

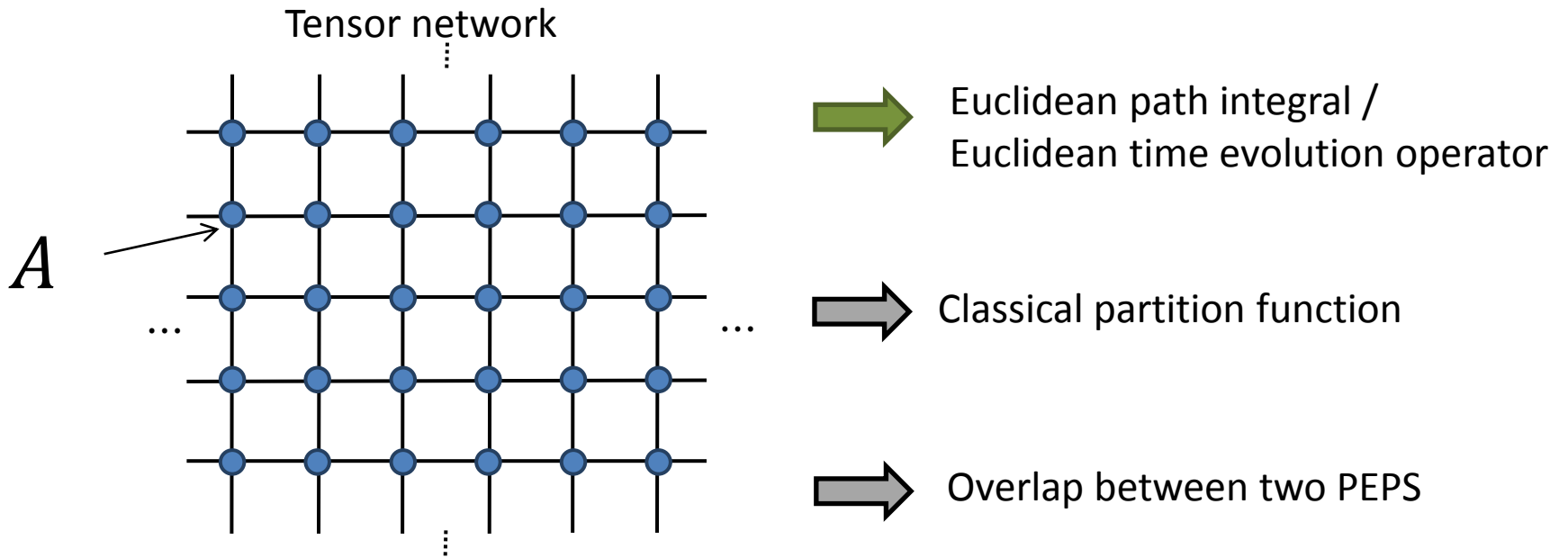


Overlap between two PEPS

Tensor network techniques (II)

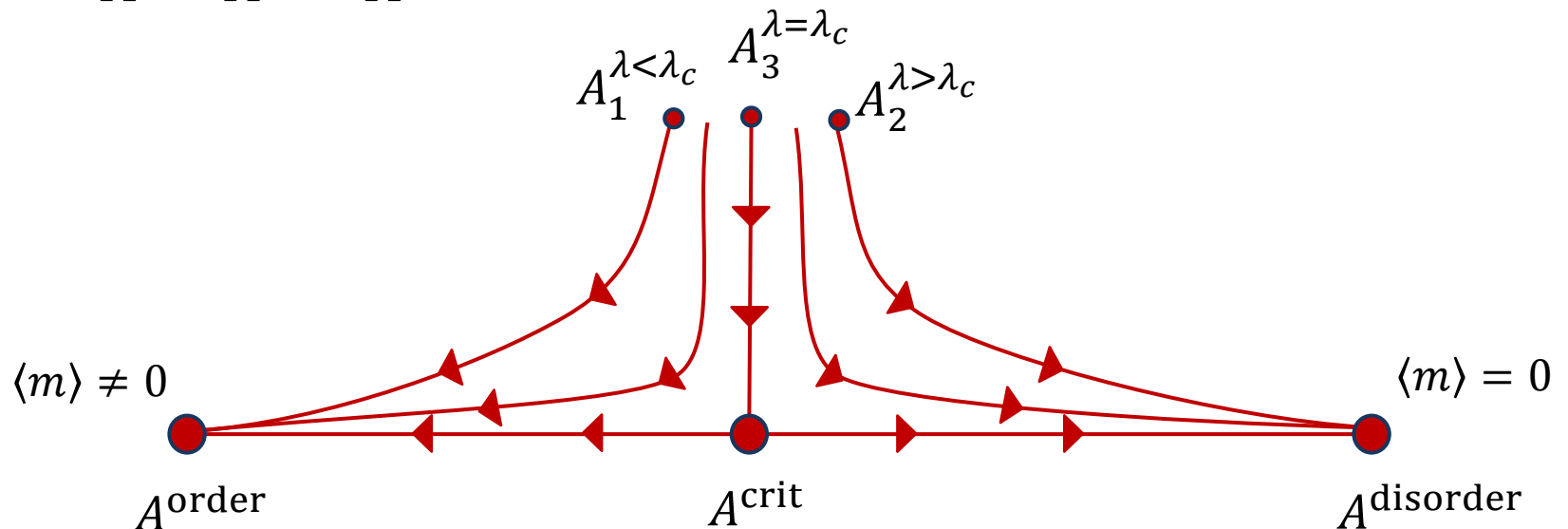
Plan: sum over all amplitudes by
coarse-graining the tensor network





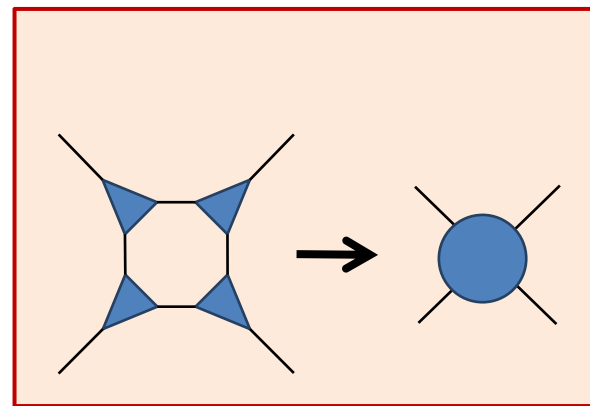
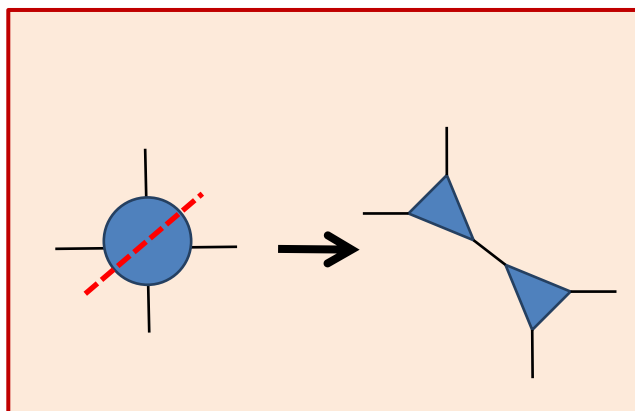
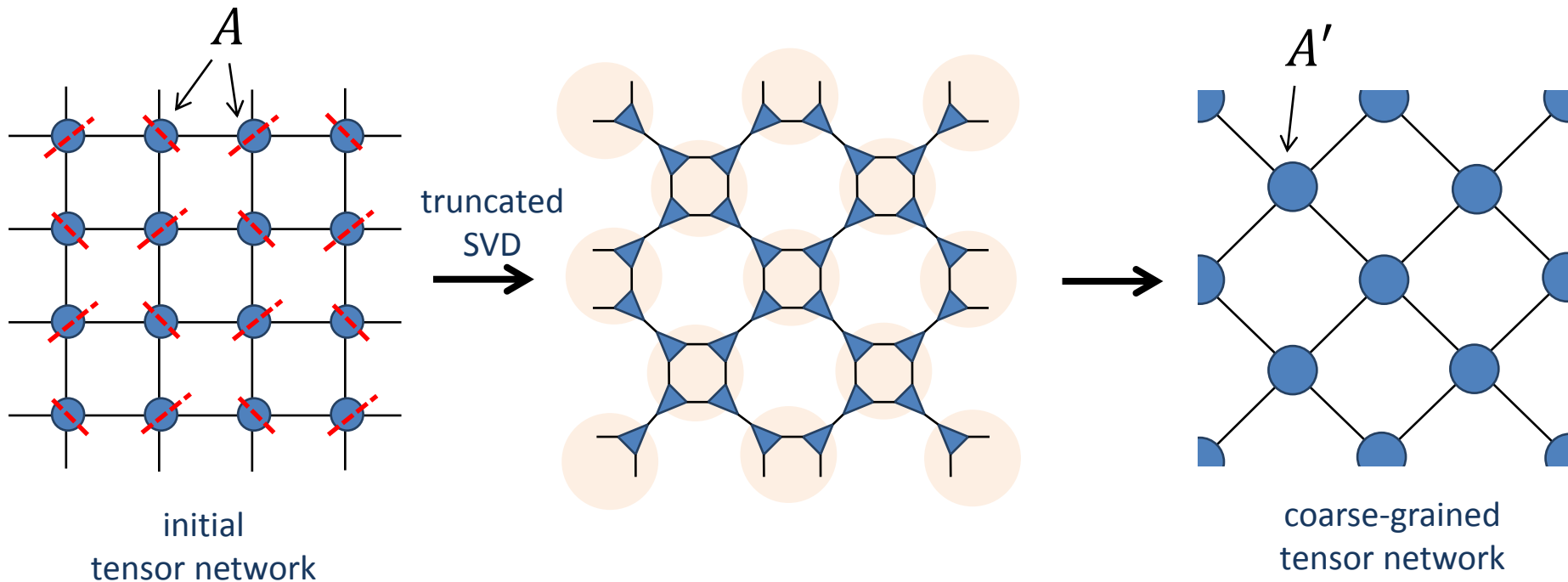
Can we define an RG flow in the space of tensors A ?

$$A \rightarrow A' \rightarrow A'' \rightarrow \dots$$



Tensor Renormalization Group (TRG)

(Levin, Nave, 2006)



Tensor Renormalization Group (TRG)

(Levin, Nave, 2006)

Accurate results for gapped 1D systems

Many improvements and generalizations:

- Second Renormalization Group (SRG) (Xie, Jiang, Weng, Xiang, 2008)
 - Tensor Entanglement Filtering Renormalization (TEFR) (Gu, Wen, 2009)
 - Higher Order Tensor Renormalization Group (HOTRG) (Xie, Chen, Qin, Zhu, Yang, Xiang, 2012)
- + many more...

Improved accuracy, extensions to 2D systems (!?), etc

However, TRG fails to remove some of the short-range correlations.

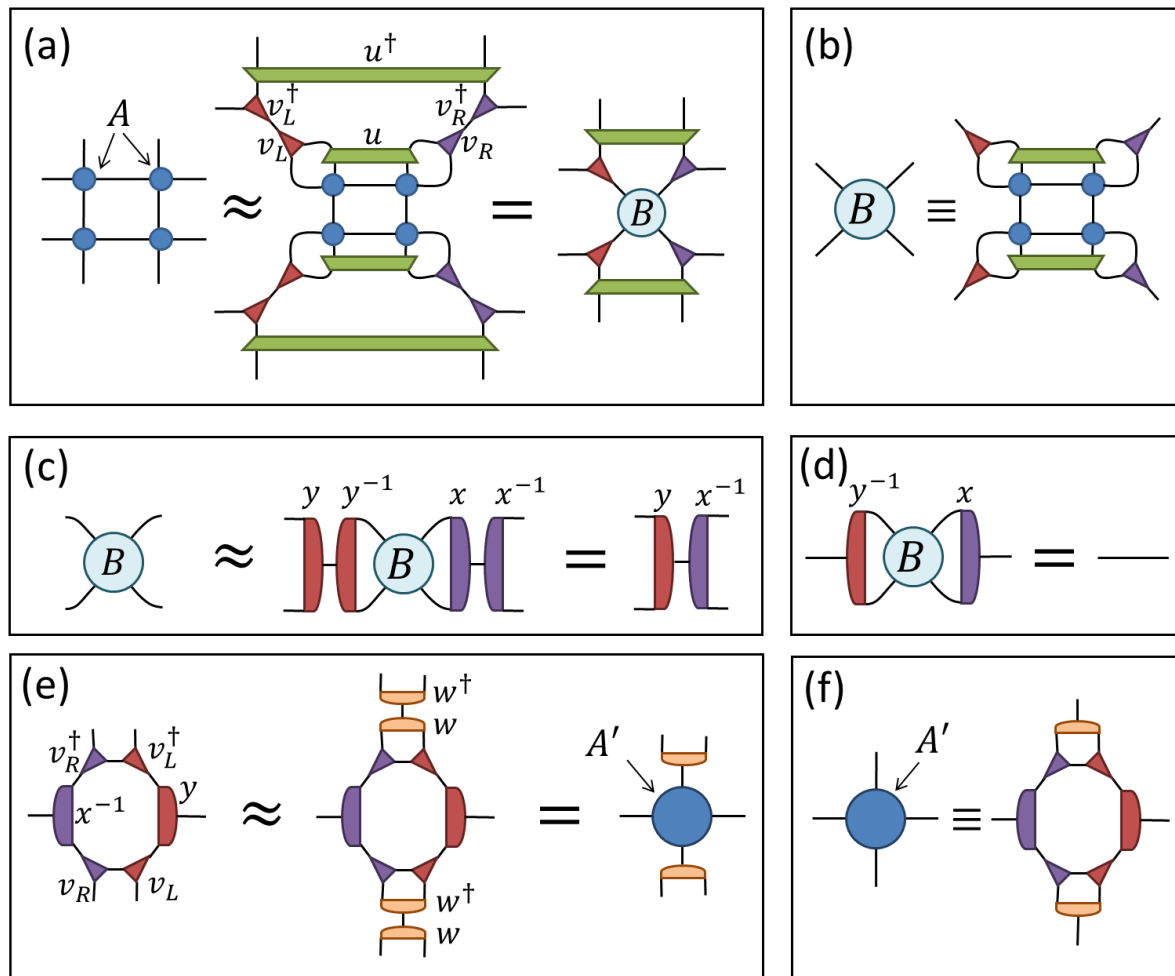
- Not a proper RG flow (wrong structure of fixed points)
- Computationally not sustainable at quantum criticality

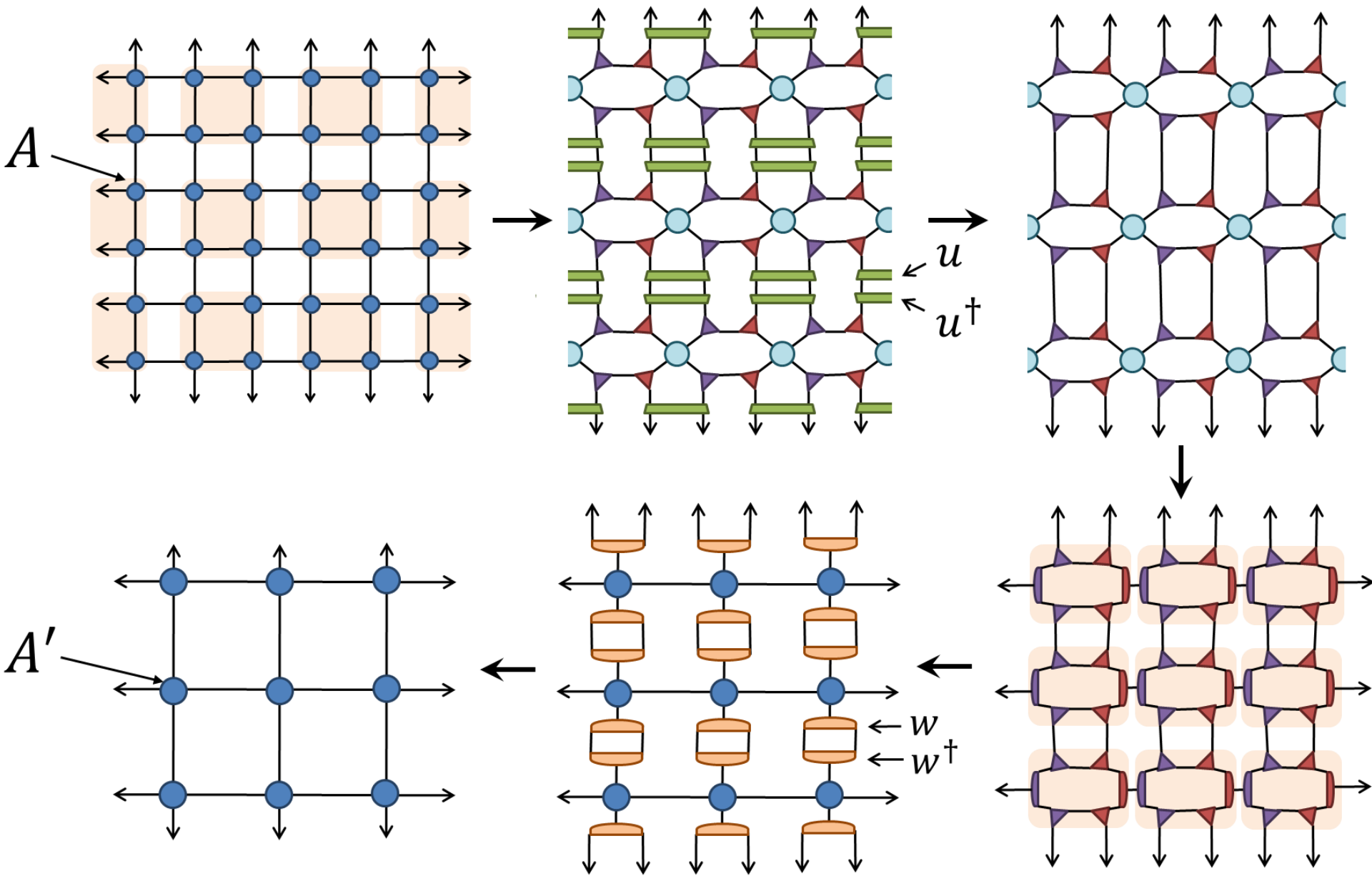
Tensor Network Renormalization

(Evenbly, Vidal, 2014)

Introduce disentglers to remove all short-range correlations.

- Proper RG flow (correct structure of fixed points)
- Works near/at quantum criticality
- Can be generalized to $D > 1$ dimensions

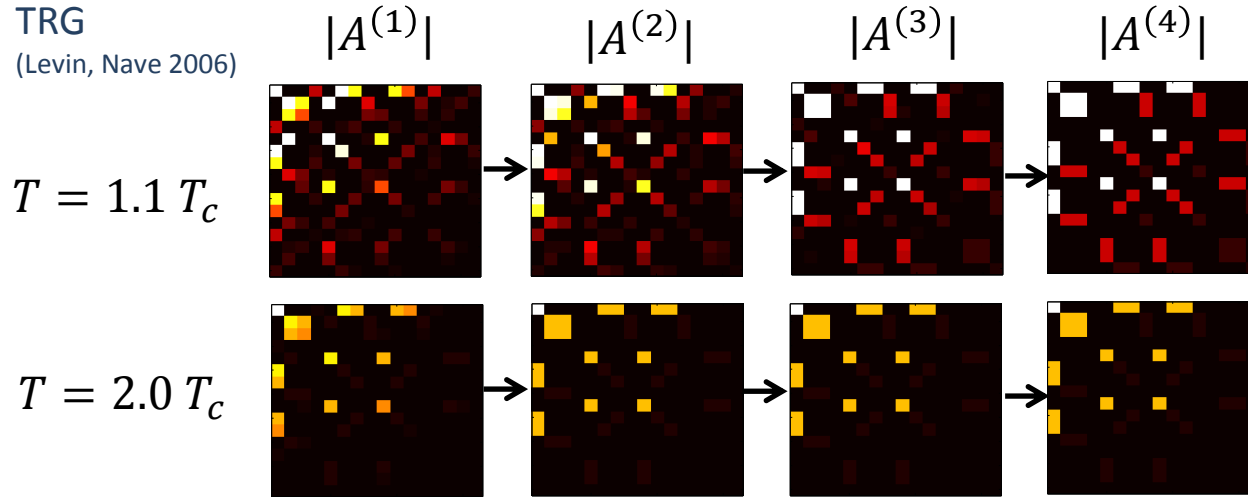




Proper RG flow: 2D classical Ising

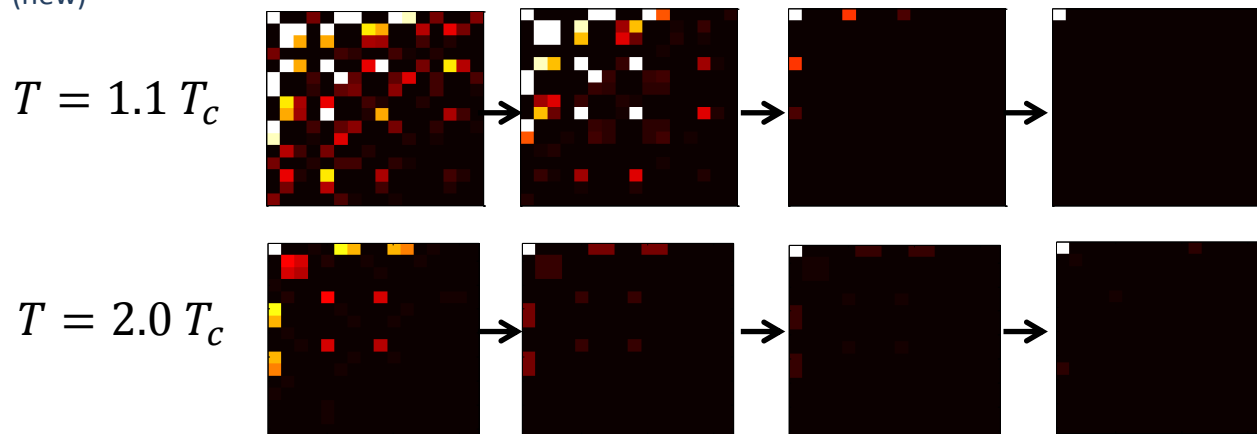
e.g. disordered phase $T > T_c$

TRG
(Levin, Nave 2006)



→ should converge to the same (trivial) fixed point, but they don't!

TNR
(new)

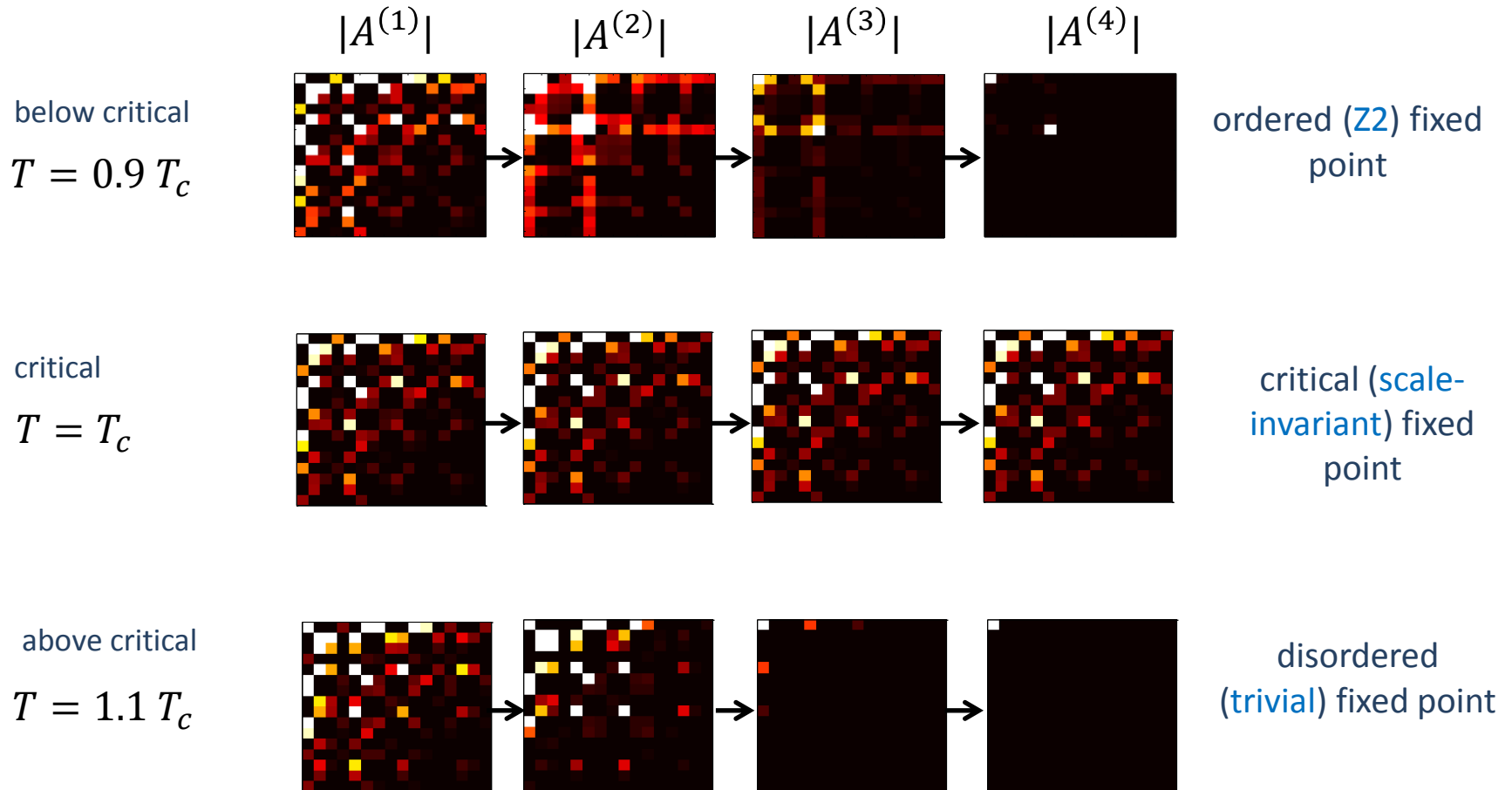


→ converge to the same fixed point (containing only universal information of the phase)

Proper RG flow: 2D classical Ising

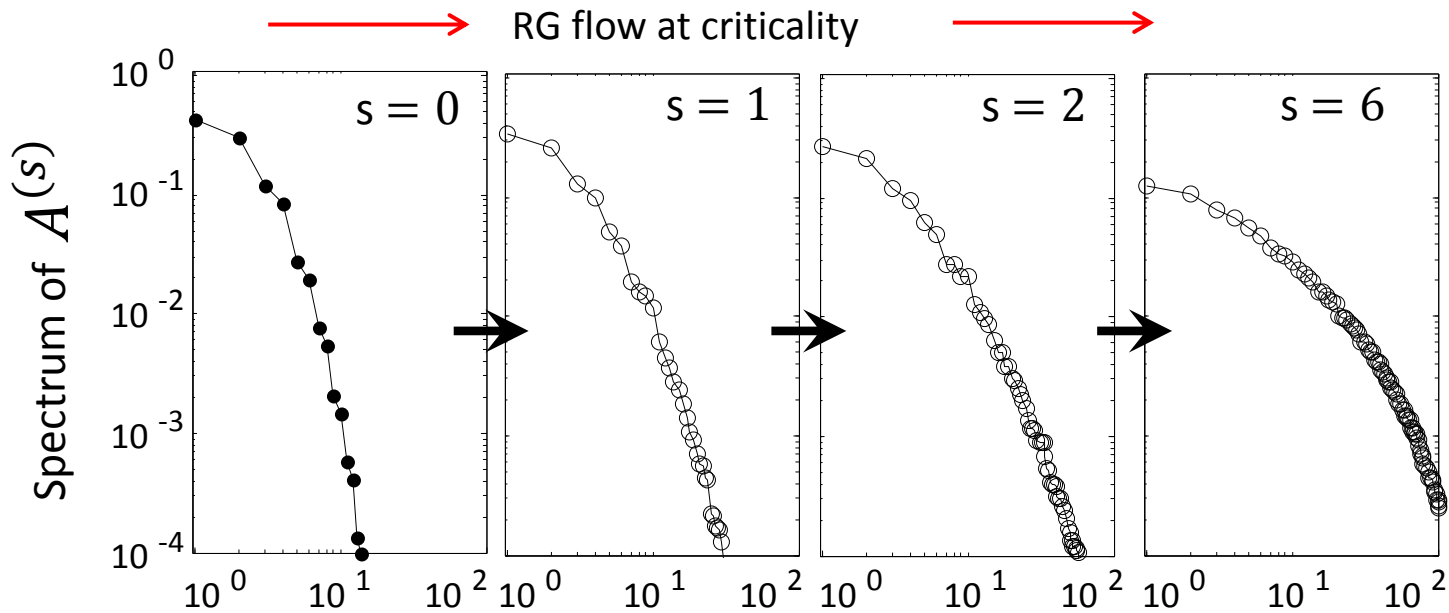
Tensor Network Renormalization (TNR):

- Converges to one of three RG fixed points, consistent with a **proper RG flow**



Sustainable RG flow: 2D classical Ising

Does TRG give a sustainable RG flow?



Bond dimension χ required to maintain fixed truncation error ($\sim 10^{-3}$):

TRG: $\sim 10 \longrightarrow \sim 20 \longrightarrow \sim 40 \longrightarrow > 100$

Computational cost:

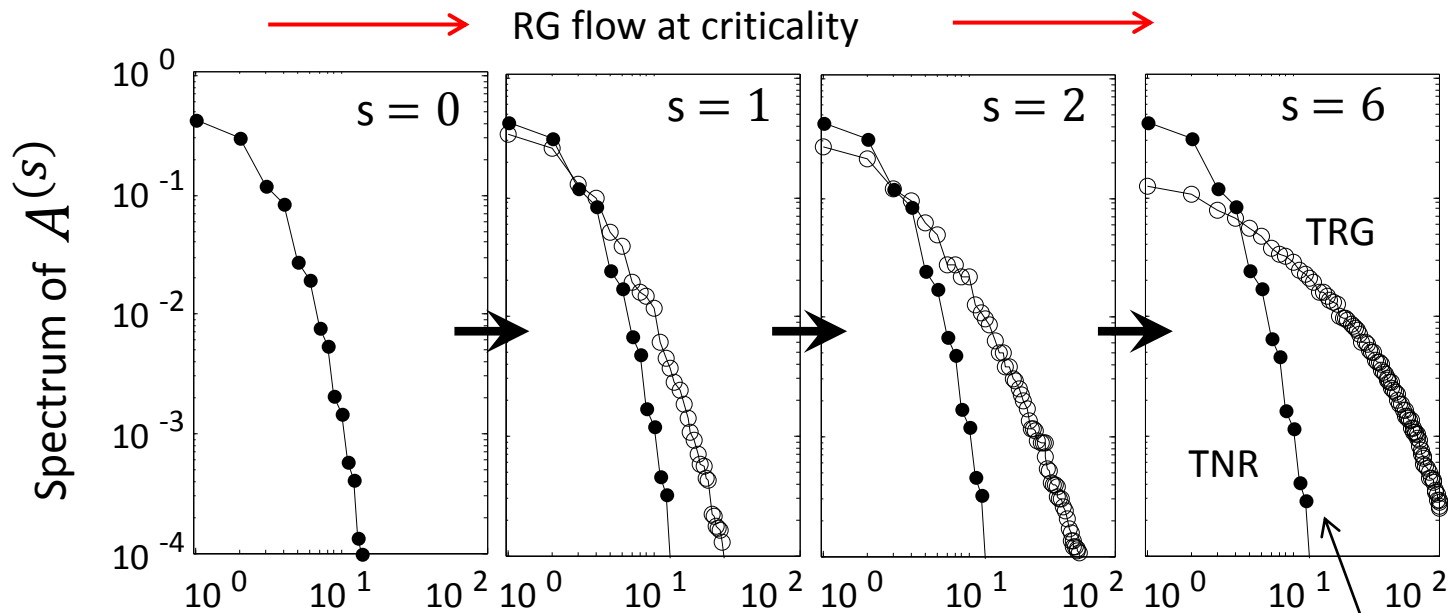
TRG $O(\chi^6)$: $1 \times 10^6 \rightarrow 6 \times 10^7 \rightarrow 4 \times 10^9 \rightarrow > 10^{12}$

Cost of TRG scales exponentially with RG iteration!



Sustainable RG flow: 2D classical Ising

Does TRG give a sustainable RG flow?



Bond dimension χ required to maintain fixed truncation error ($\sim 10^{-3}$):

TRG:	~ 10	\longrightarrow	~ 20	\longrightarrow	~ 40	\longrightarrow	> 100
TNR:	~ 10	\longrightarrow	~ 10	\longrightarrow	~ 10	\longrightarrow	~ 10

Sustainable

Computational costs:

TRG $O(\chi^6)$:	1×10^6	\rightarrow	6×10^7	\rightarrow	4×10^9	\rightarrow	$> 10^{12}$
TNR $O(k\chi^6)$:	5×10^7	\rightarrow	5×10^7	\rightarrow	5×10^7	\rightarrow	5×10^7

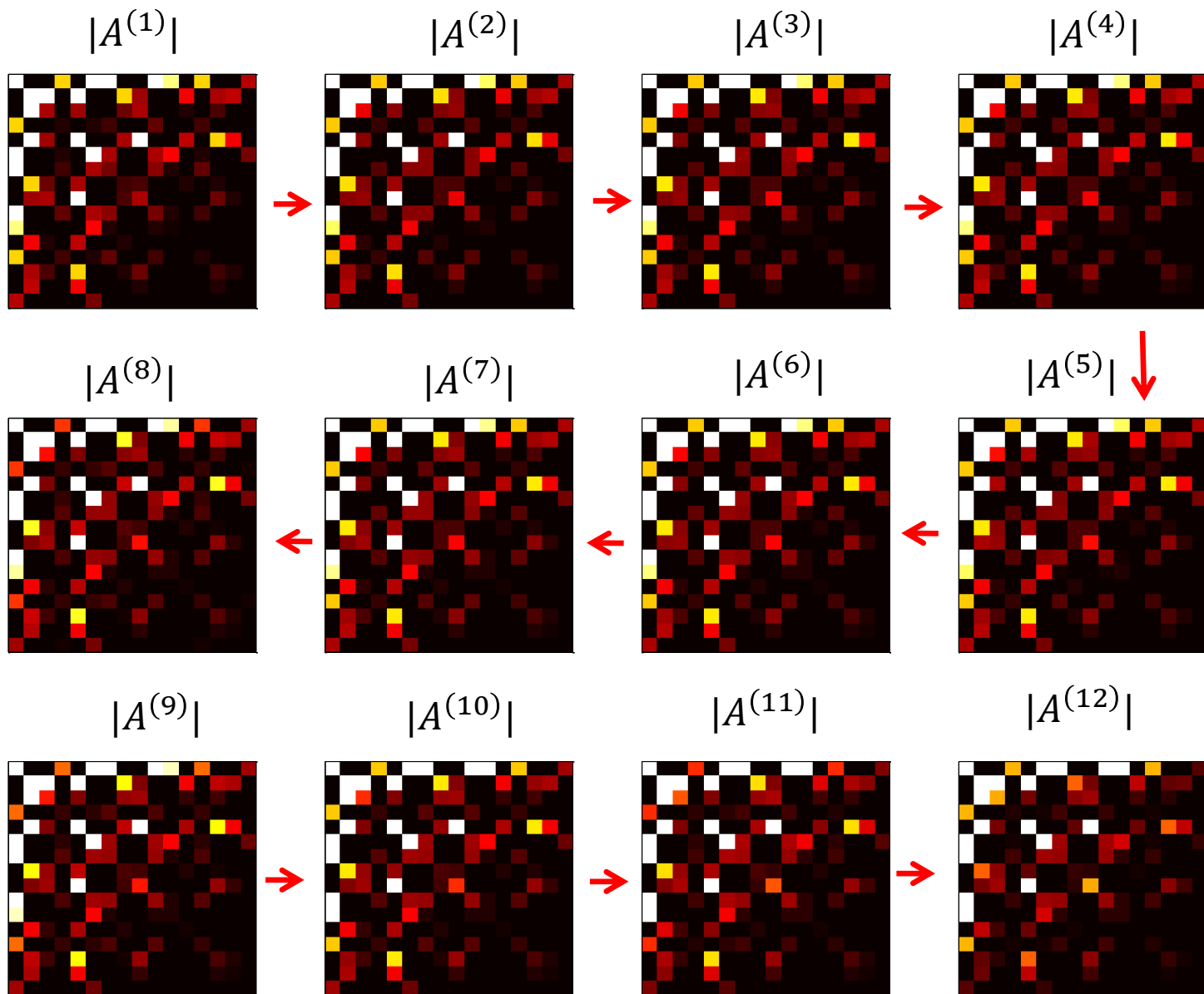
Proper RG flow: 2D classical Ising

critical point:

$$T = T_c$$

TNR bond
dimension:

$$\chi = 4$$



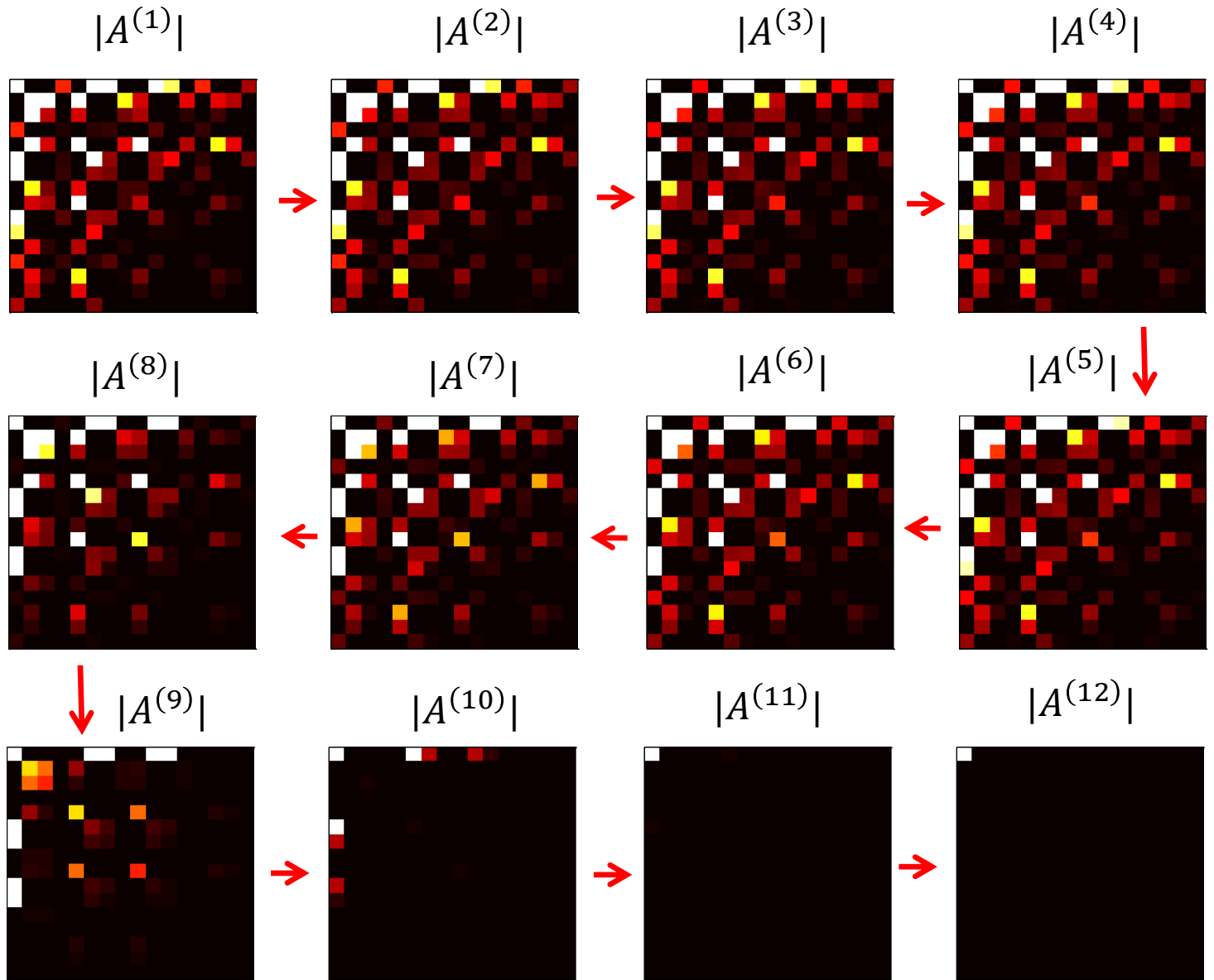
Proper RG flow: 2D classical Ising

more difficult!

$$T = 1.002 T_c$$

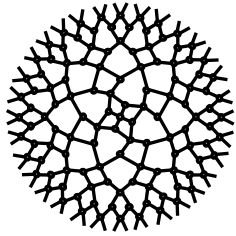
TNR bond
dimension:

$$\chi = 4$$



Outline

- entanglement renormalization (old stuff)



Real space RG transformation for
→ ground state wave-functions
→ Hamiltonians

- tensor network renormalization (new stuff)

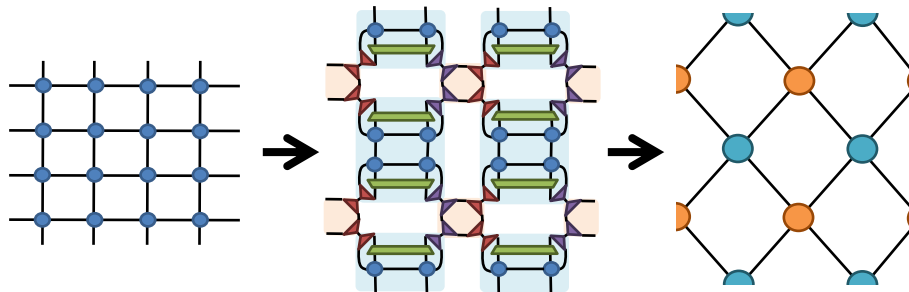
- Real space RG of Euclidean path integral
- TNR → MERA (+ thermal states!)
- Theory of minimal updates
- Conformal transformations

[arXiv:1412.0732](#)

[arXiv:1501.xxx](#)

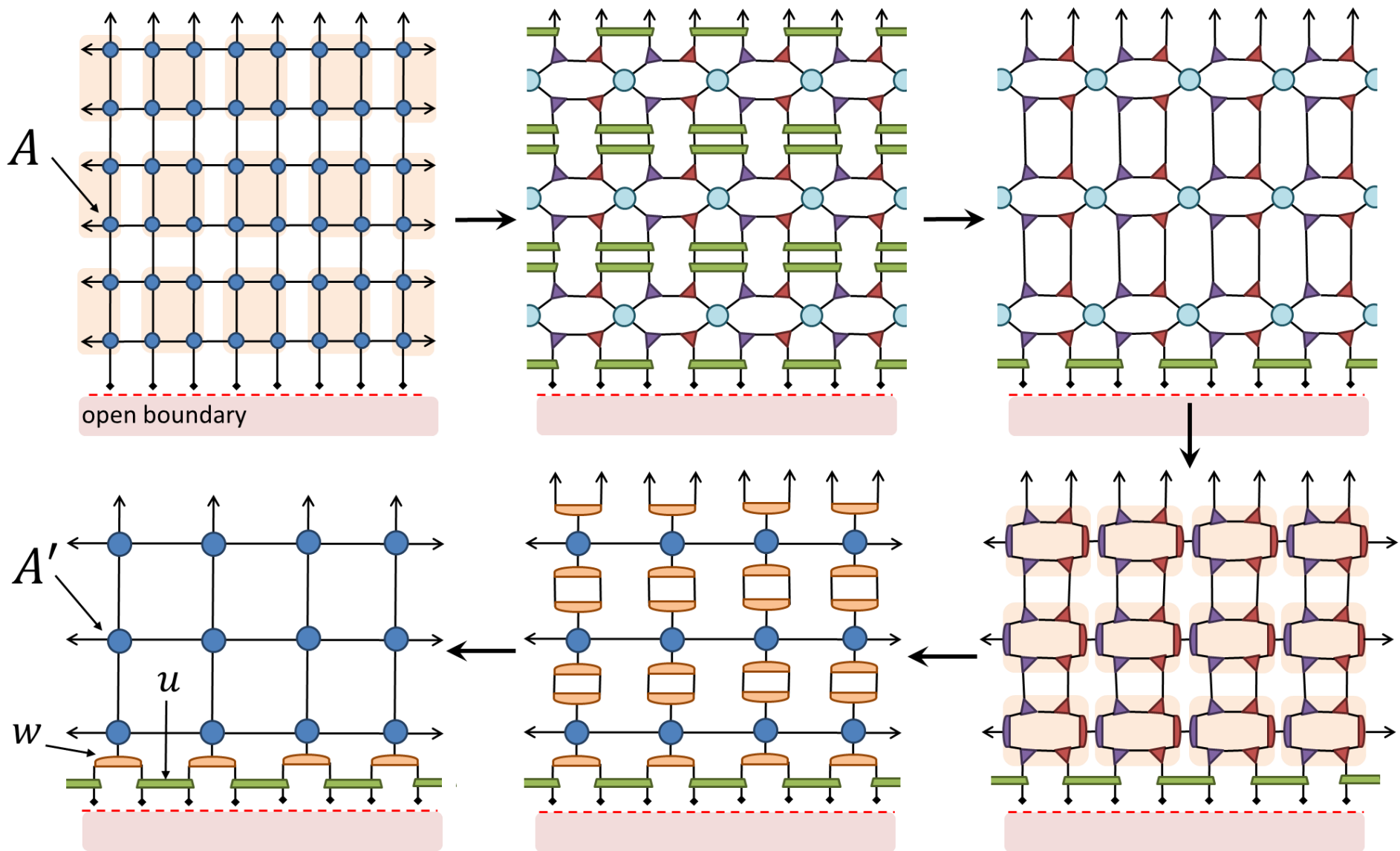
[arXiv:1501.yyy](#)

[arXiv:1501.zzz](#)



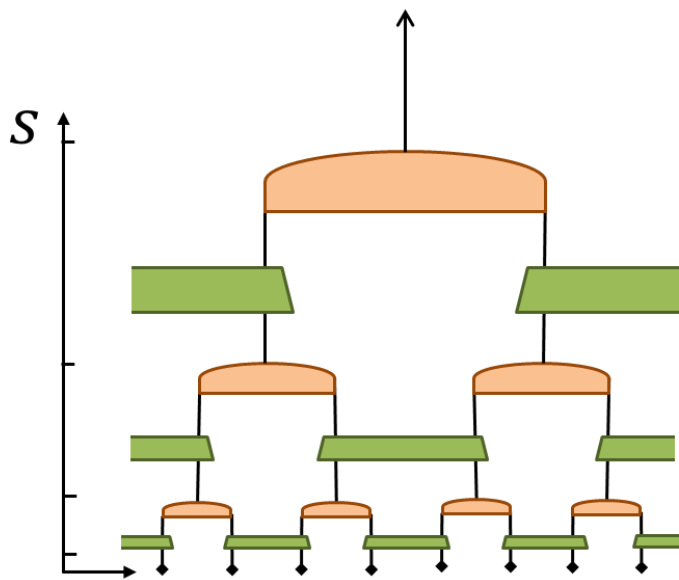
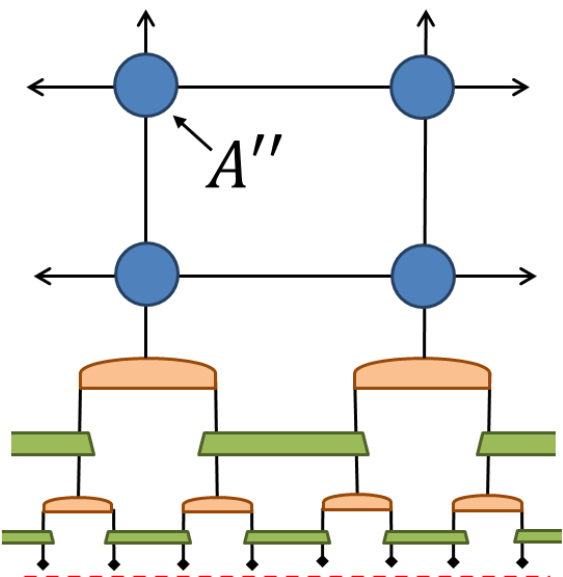
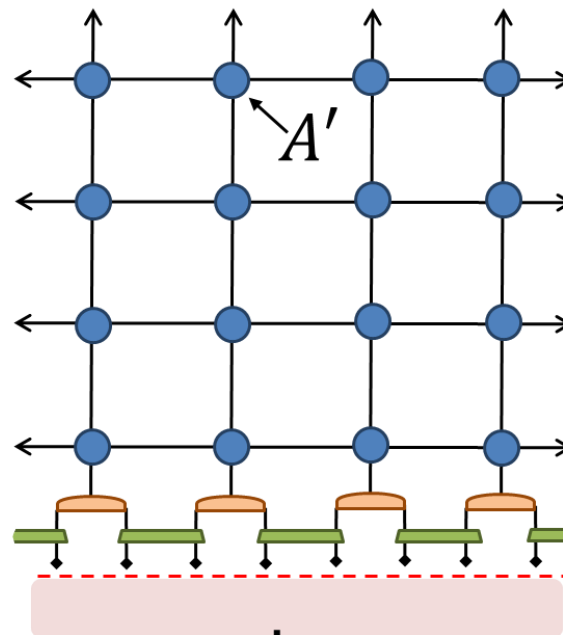
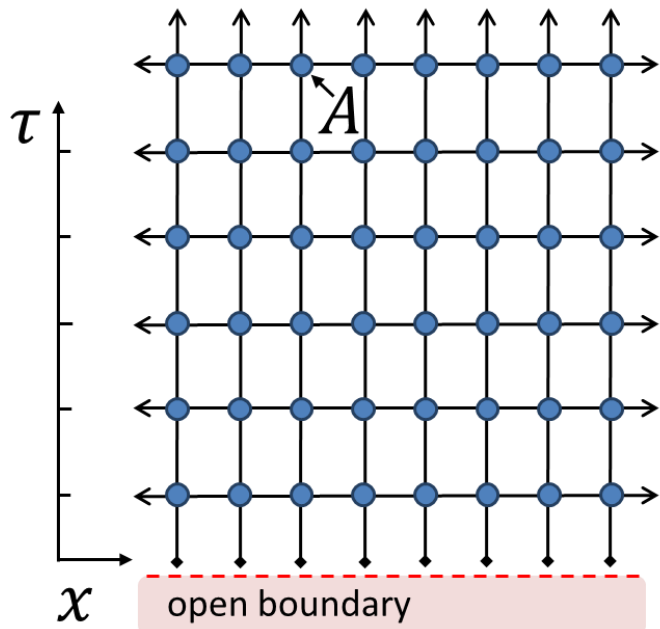
TNR yields MERA

(Evenbly, Vidal, 2015, in prep)



TNR yields MERA

(Evenly, Vidal, 2015, in prep)



Traditional perspective

MERA as a
variational class of
many-body states



New perspective

MERA as a byproduct
of tensor network
renormalization (TNR)

- reshape an existing representation of the ground state
- TNR truncation errors: accuracy certificate

energy minimization



trace optimization

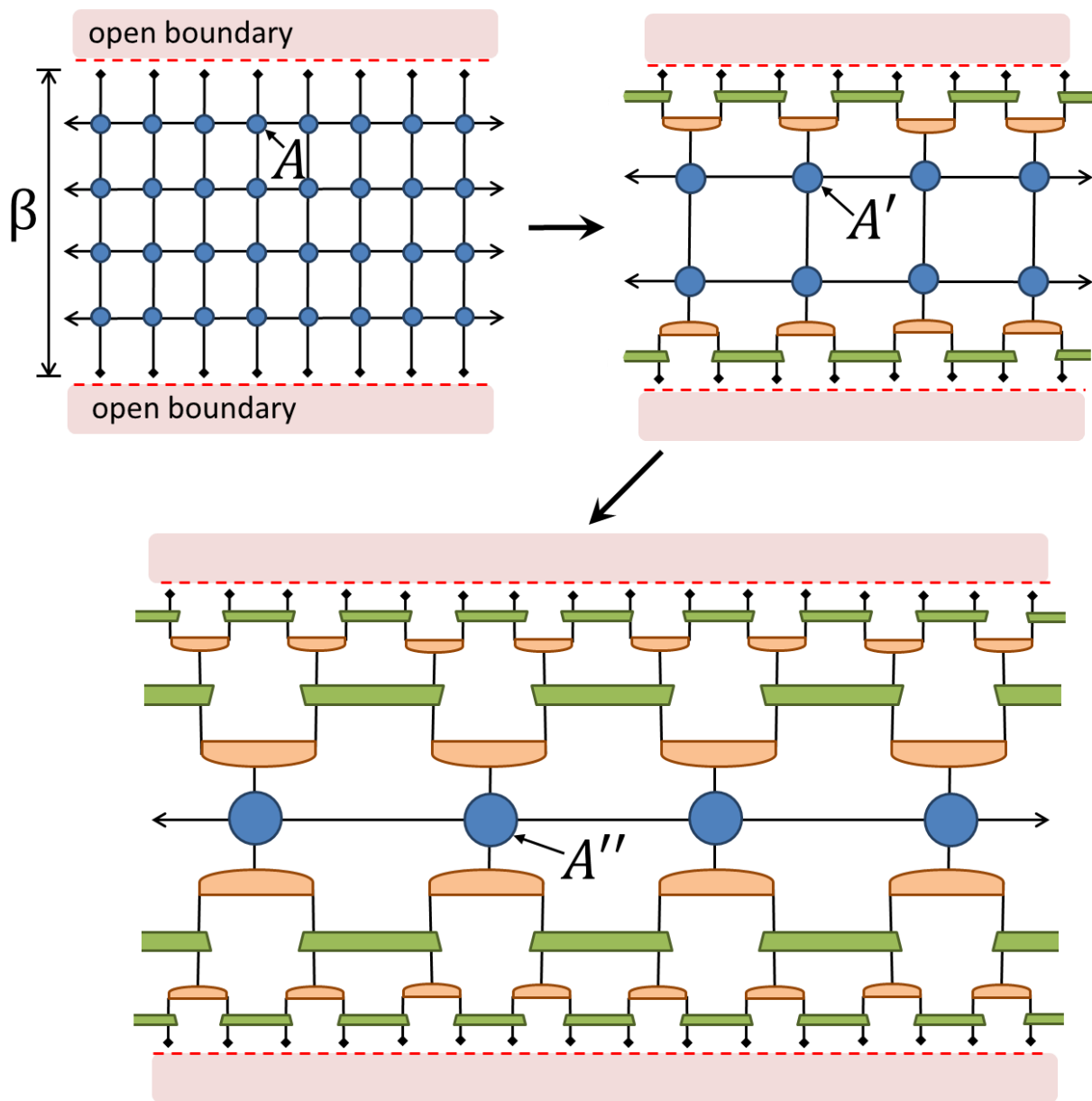
- 1000's of iterations on scale
- non-local in scale

- 1 iteration on scale
- local in scale

Extra bonus: thermal MERA

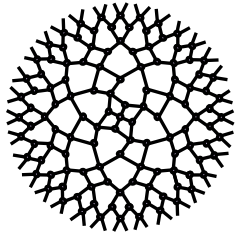
(Evenbly, Vidal, 2015, in prep)

$$e^{-\beta H}$$



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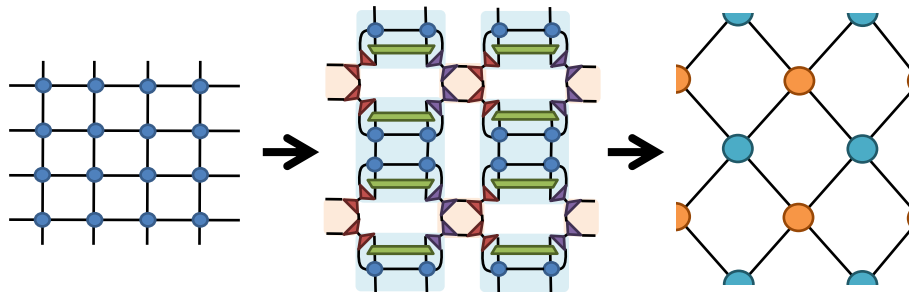
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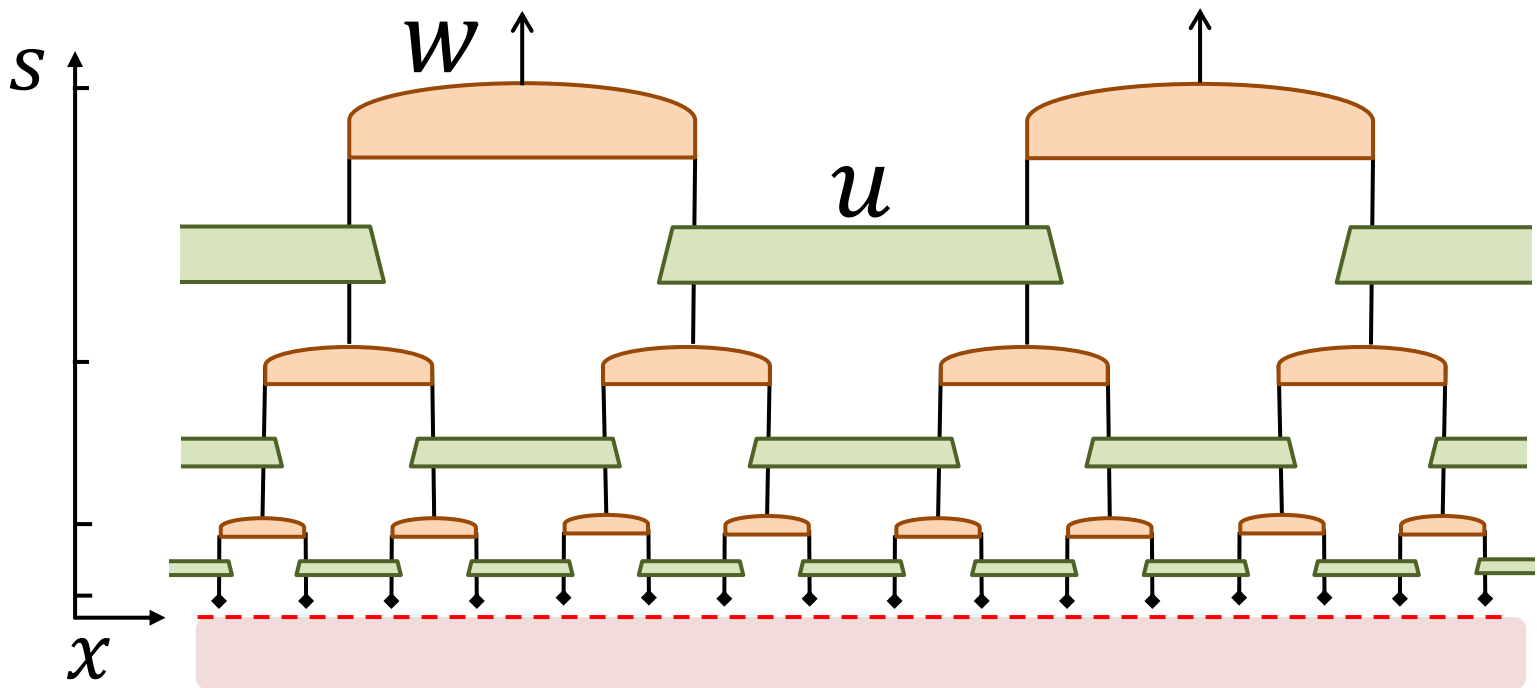
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[arXiv:1501.zzz](https://arxiv.org/abs/1501.zzz)



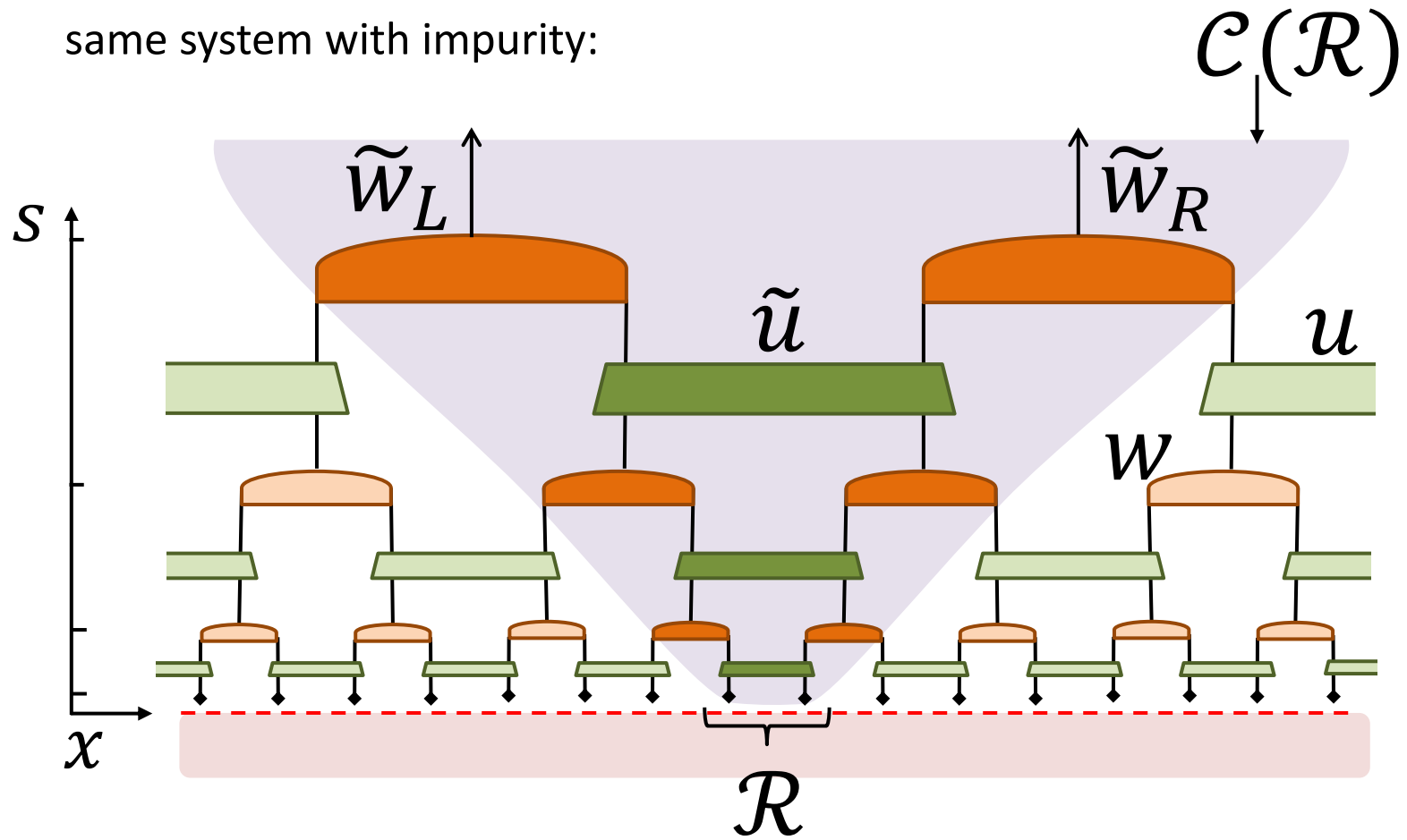
Extra bonus: theory of minimal updates (Evenbly, Vidal, 2015, in prep)

homogeneous system:



Extra bonus: theory of minimal updates (Evenbly, Vidal, 2015, in prep)

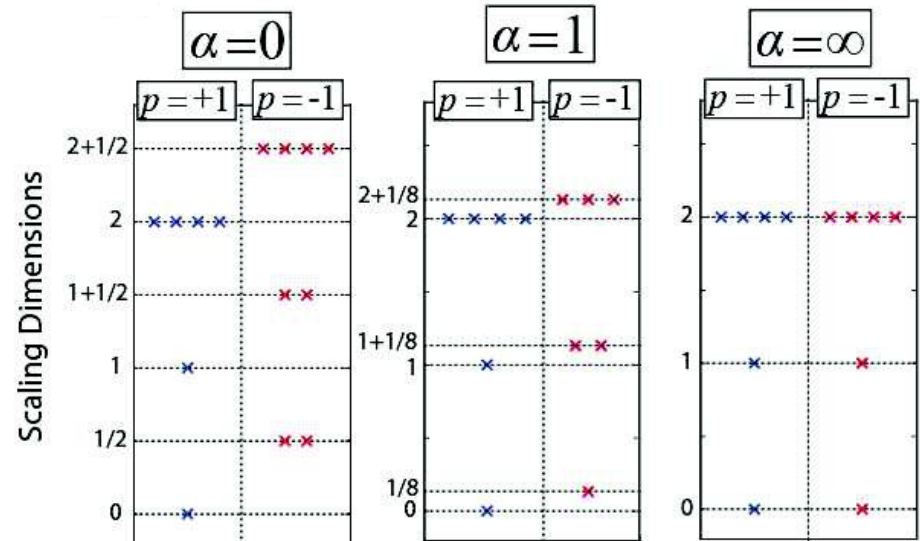
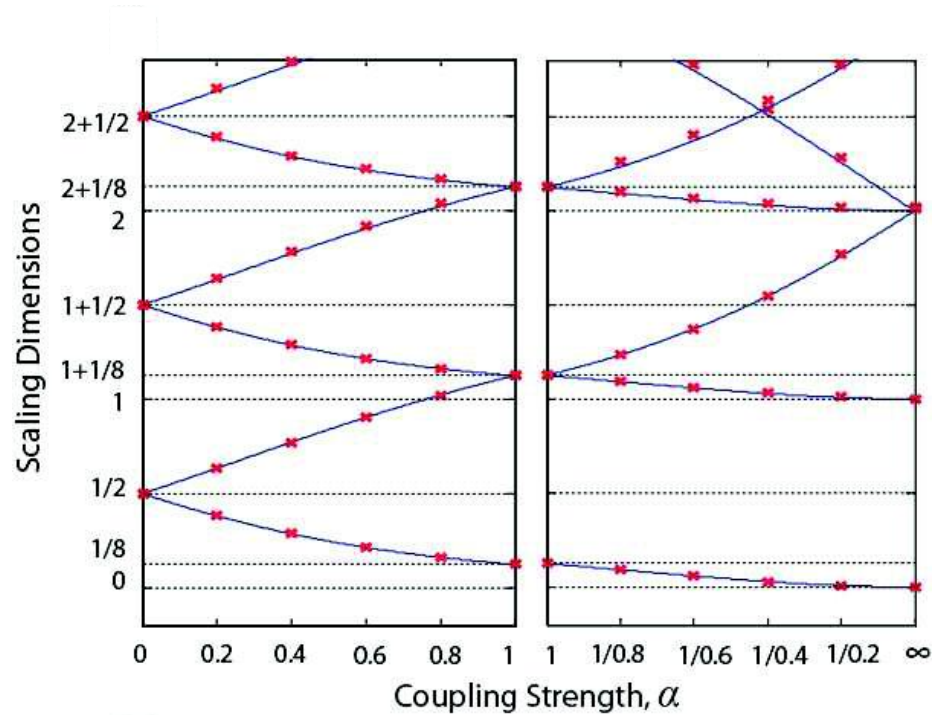
same system with impurity:



Example: critical Ising model
with one modified bond

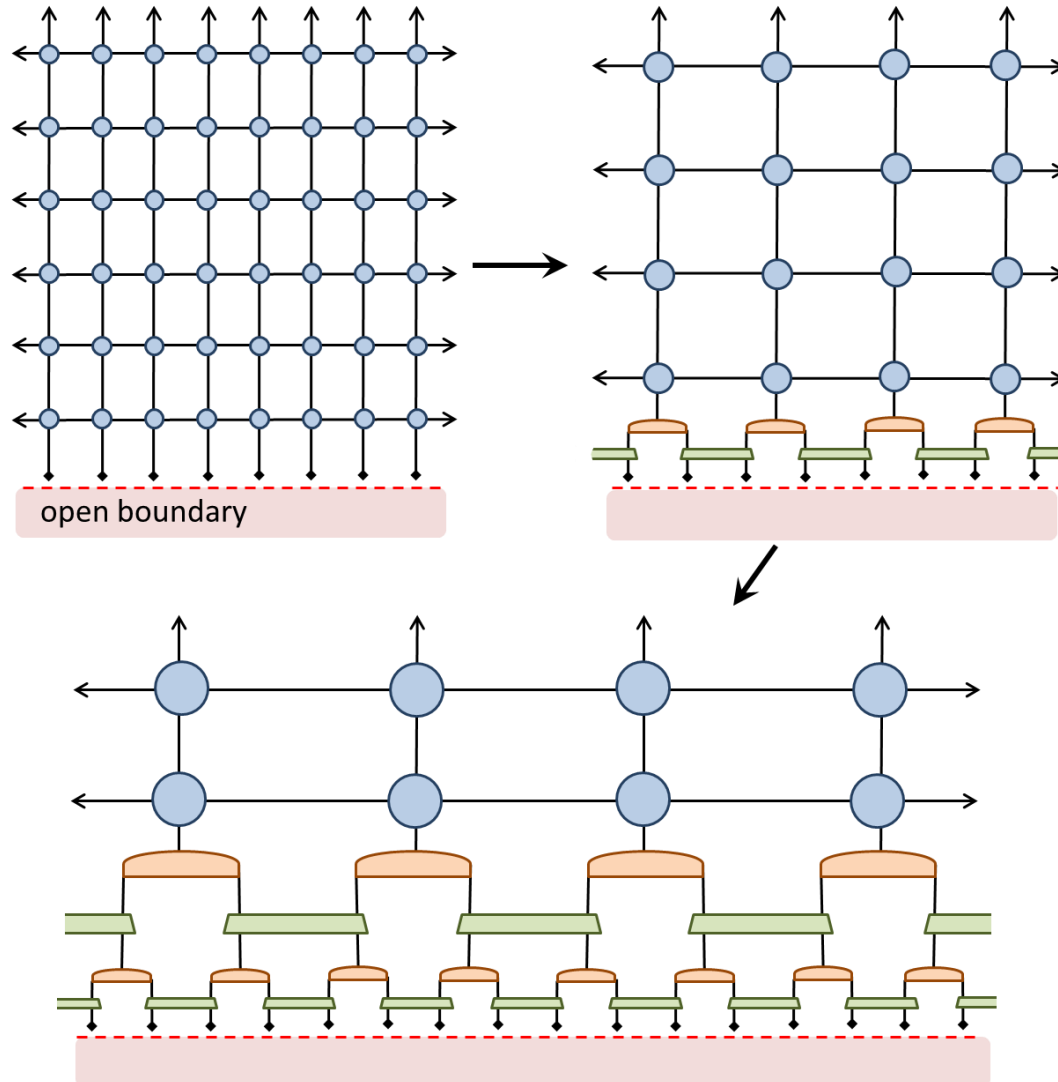
$$H = \sum_i (-X_r X_{r+1} + Z_r)$$

$$H^{imp} = (1 - \alpha)X_0X_1$$



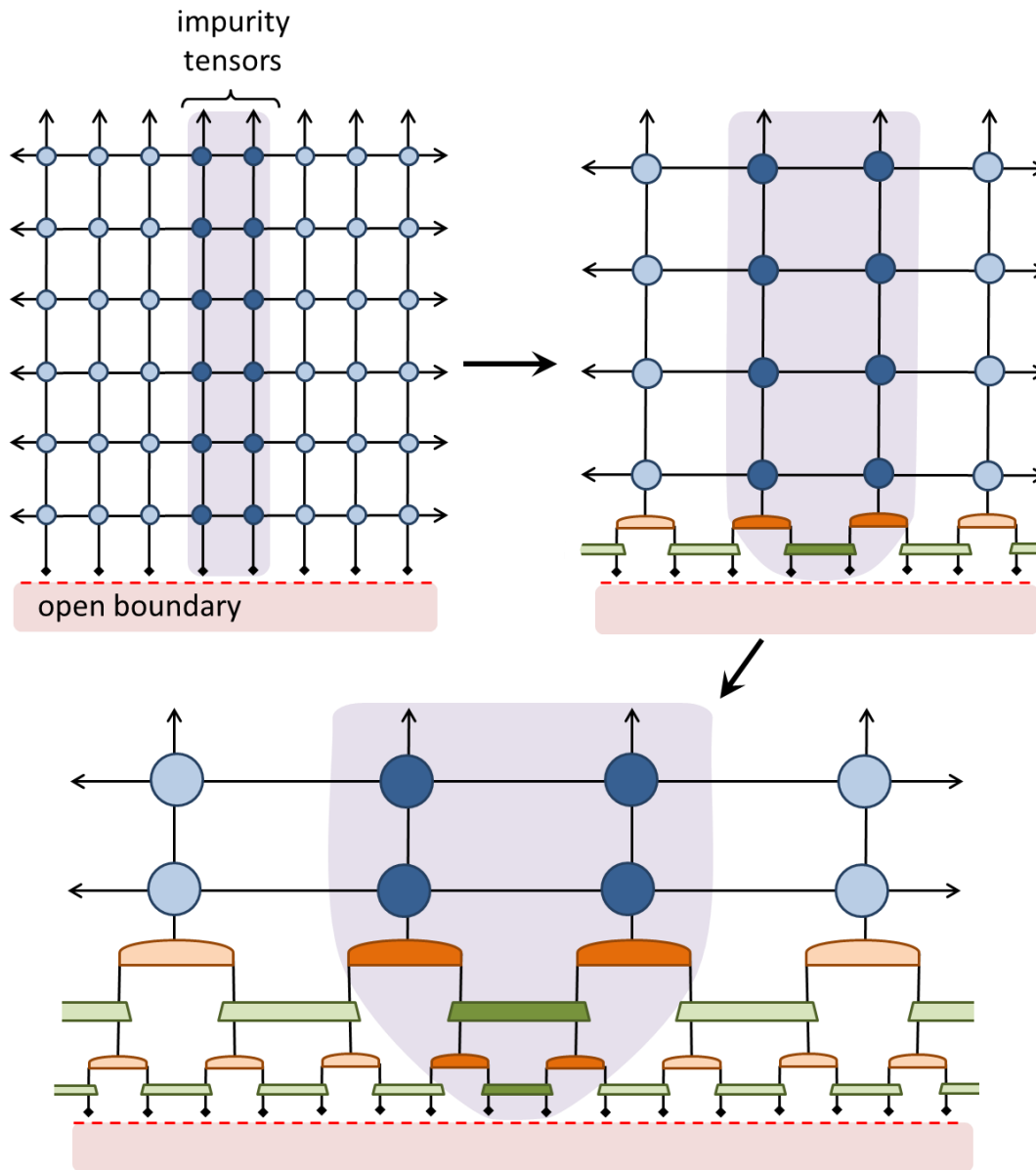
Extra bonus: theory of minimal updates

homogeneous system:



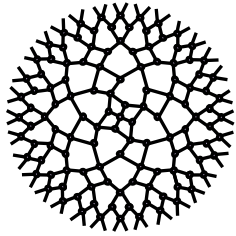
Extra bonus: theory of minimal updates

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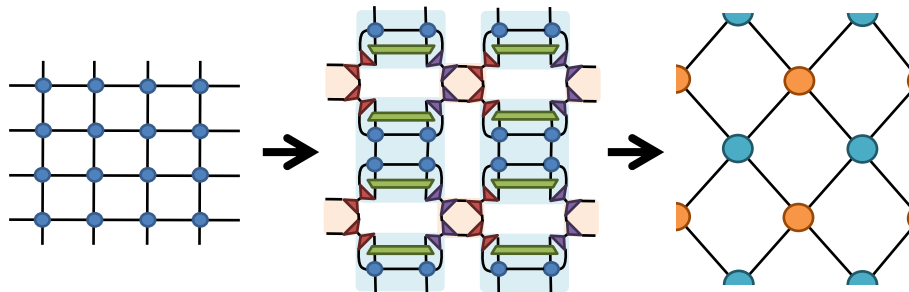
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Extra bonus: conformal transformations (Evenbly, Vidal, 2015, in prep)

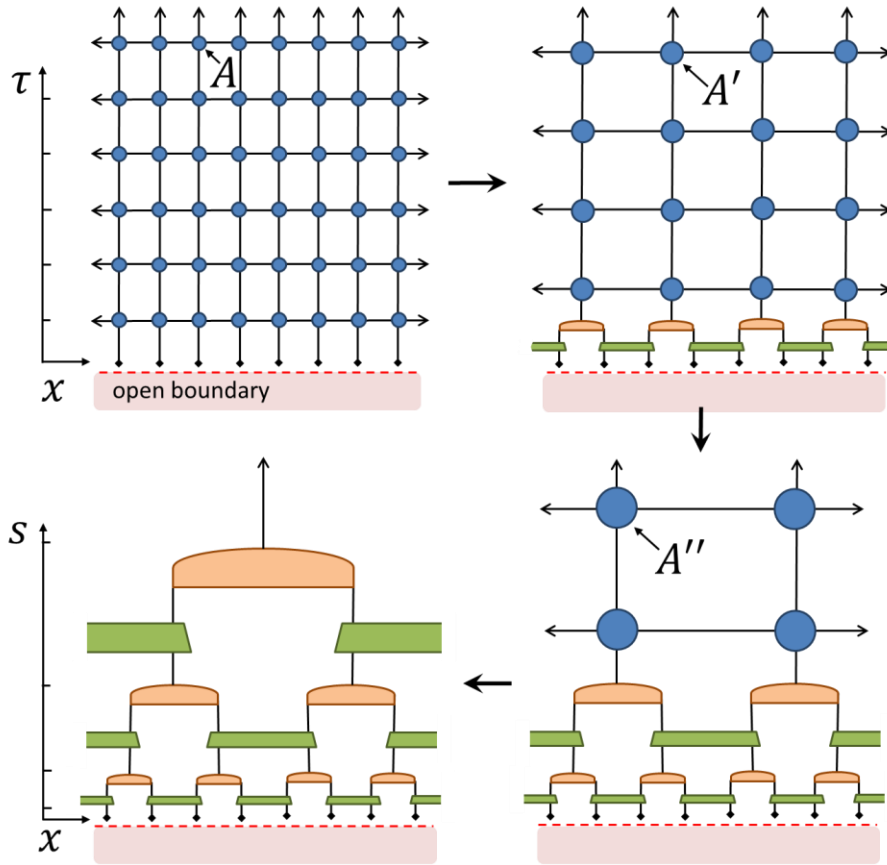
Conformal transformation 1:

Upper half-plane to AdS_2

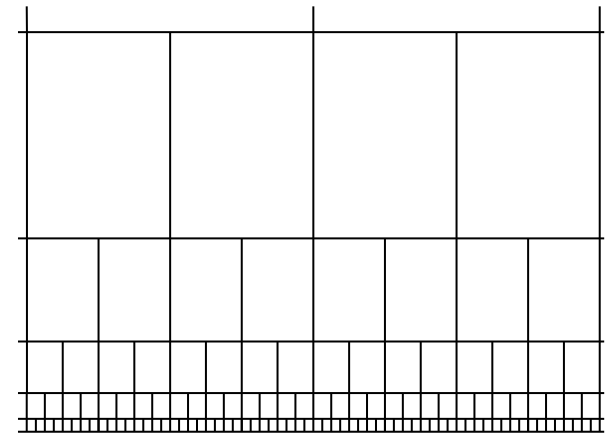
$$dx^2 + d\tau^2 = \tau^2 \left(\frac{dx^2}{\tau^2} + \frac{d\tau^2}{\tau^2} \right)$$

$$\rightarrow \left(\frac{dx^2}{\tau^2} + \frac{d\tau^2}{\tau^2} \right) = \frac{dx^2}{2^{2s}} + ds^2$$

$$s = \log_2(\tau)$$

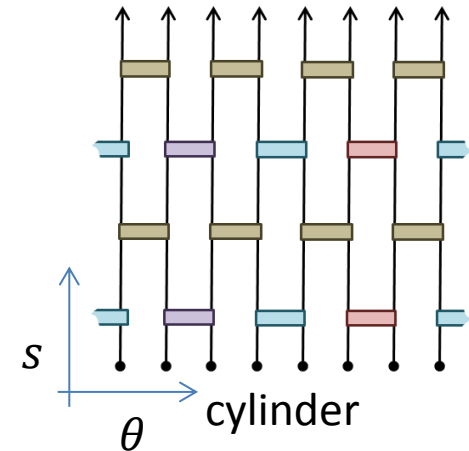
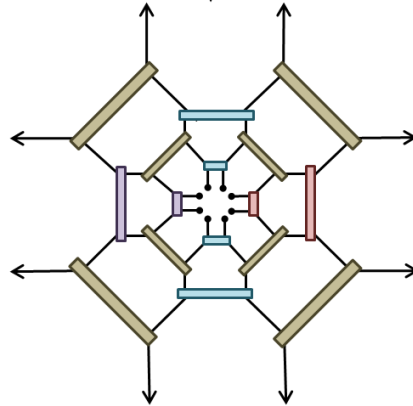
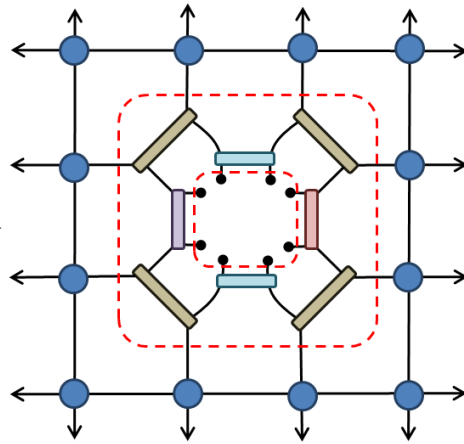
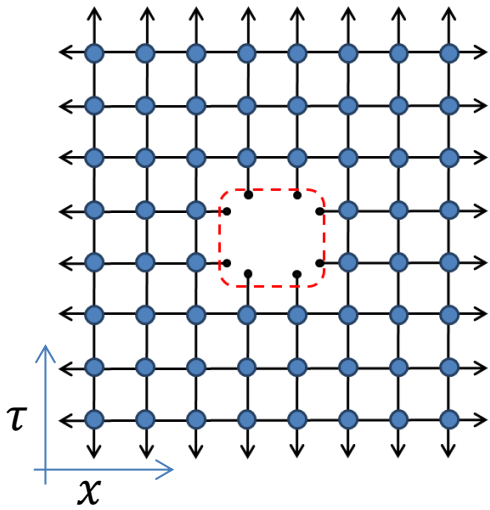


Holographic description



Extra bonus: conformal transformations (Evenbly, Vidal, 2015, in prep)

plane



Conformal transformation 2:

Plane to cylinder

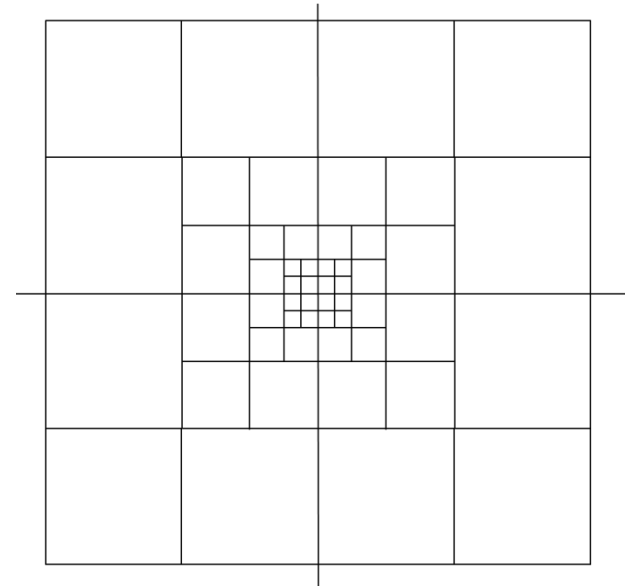
(radial quantization in CFT)

$$z \equiv x + i\tau$$

$$z = 2^w$$

$$w \equiv s + i\theta$$

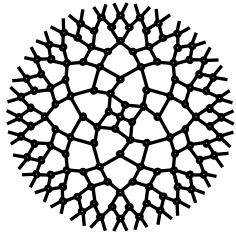
$$s \equiv \log_2(x^2 + \tau^2)$$



- Extraction of scaling dimensions

Summary

- entanglement renormalization (old stuff)



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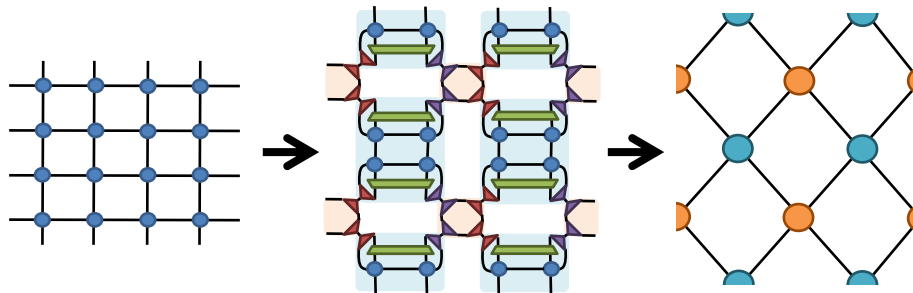


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THANKS !