## Apparatus

one or more yo-yos

## Action

The students experiment with making the yo-yos go up and down. They should examine the yoyos carefully and try to explain why they go up again, and what force is responsible for accelerating them upwards against gravity.

### **The Physics**

As it falls, the yo-yo loses gravitational potential energy and gains both translational kinetic and rotational kinetic energy. At the end of the fall the yo-yo continues to spin as it has angular momentum. If the string is looped loosely around the central axis then the yo-yo will stay spinning at the bottom of its fall for a reasonably long time.

The yo-yo comes up again if the yo-yoist tugs on the string. The friction between the string and the yo-yo provides an upward force on the yo-yo. Since the yo-yo is spinning, it will continue to rotate as it moves upwards again.



### Accompanying sheet

# **Yo-yo**

Experiment with the yo-yo.

Describe the energy conversions that occur as a yoyo falls.

Why does a yo-yo come up again? What provides the force to accelerate it back up?