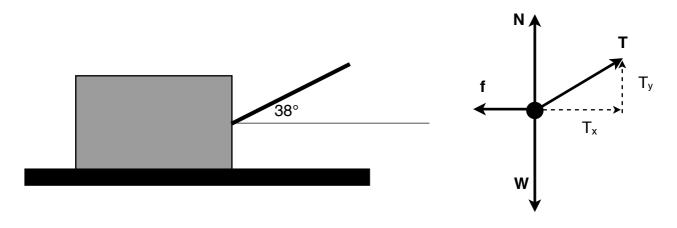
Dragging a crate

A worker drags a crate across a factory floor by pulling on a rope tied to the crate. The worker exerts a force of 450 N on the rope, which is inclined at 38° to the horizontal, and the floor exerts a horizontal friction of 125 N that opposes the motion. You can assume the crate doesn't leave the ground.

- a) Calculate the acceleration of the crate (mass = 310 kg).
- b) Calculate the normal force by the floor on the crate.



Solution: Resolve the tension force from the rope into horizontal and vertical components:

> $T_v = T \sin 38^\circ = 450 \sin 38^\circ = 277 \text{ N}$ $T_x = T \cos 38^\circ = 450 \cos 38^\circ = 355 \text{ N}$

Now, there is no net force in the vertical direction, so $N + F_v - W = 0$

SO

 $N = W - F_v$ = 310 x 9.8 - 277 = 2761 N

In the horizontal direction, there is a net force: $F_{net,x} = F_x - f$

From Newton's second law, $ma = F_{net}$

SO

$$a = F_{net,x} / m = 230 \text{ N} / 310 \text{ kg} = 0.74 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$

So the acceleration of the crate is 0.74 ms⁻², and the normal force is 2761 N.